

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR HOLDING FORTH IN ATLANTIC CITY

Resolution in Senate Rejects League Plans

SENATOR KNOX OF FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE WOULD NOT INDORSE LEAGUE PLAN AS DRAWN.

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, June 10.—A resolution was introduced in the United States Senate today, by Senator Knox, of the Foreign Relations Committee, which would have the senate declare that it could not concur in the League of Nations provision of the peace treaty as it is now drawn.

The resolution which is expected to bring to a more definite stage the fight being made against the league covenant in many quarters, asked that the league covenant be separated from the regular peace treaty before being submitted to the United States Senate for ratification.

At the request of Senator Knox, who introduced the resolution, and who announced that he would discuss it in detail at a later date, asked that it be referred to the foreign relations committee.

The resolution is generally interpreted to be an official notice to the peace conference now assembled in France that ratification of the treaty in its present form is not acceptable to the senate.

What action the senate will take on the resolution, of course, is not known at this time, but it is considered that the resolution is the outgrowth of the general opposition to the league of nations plan as at present drawn which has manifested itself in the national body for some time.

WISCONSIN RATIFIES SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT

By the Associated Press

MADISON, Wis., June 10.—Both houses of the state legislature of Wisconsin ratified the equal suffrage amendment today. In taking action this early the state of Wisconsin takes its stand in the column of progressive states, and is today the recipient of many congratulations from equal suffrage organizations throughout the country.

AT THE PLAY HOUSES

American.

The special attraction at this popular playhouse tonight is Harry Carey, as the man who wouldn't shoot, in the wonderful picture, "Bare Fists." This is a wonderful western picture, and bare-fisted Harry is the object of many thrilling and daring situations in his battles with rustlers and cattle thieves.

Liberty.

Tonight at the Liberty Geo. M. Hall presents Miss Margaret Lillie and "Her Show Girls." There will be an entire change of program every day. In addition to the "Show Girls" there will be a thrilling picture entitled, "False Evidence." This is a five-act Metro drama of the redwoods.

MAMMOTH DIRIGIBLE TO ATTEMPT OCEAN FLIGHT

By the Associated Press

NEW YORK, June 10.—A mammoth dirigible, R-34, has been assigned to begin a flight from England to the United States by way of Newfoundland about June 20. It probably will attempt a return cruise if the westward voyage is successful. British officials declared today.

J. W. Sweatt Gets Home.

Mrs. J. W. Sweatt received a telegram from her husband yesterday stating that he had just landed at Boston. The telegram bore no further information, but it is presumed that he will be taken to one of the demobilization camps and discharged at an early date. This was good news for Mrs. Sweatt, and she is looking anxiously to the day when her husband will reach Ada.

Lions Give Pedagog's Big Feed at Harris

ENTERTAIN VISITING FACULTY OF EAST CENTRAL NORMAL AT HARRIS HOTEL LAST EVENING.

Last evening will be one long to be remembered by the Lions Club of Ada. Likewise, we venture, it will long be a green spot in the memory of the visiting faculty of the East Central State Normal and the invited teachers, ministers and other guests present.

The Lions Club of Ada, has only been organized a short time, but it has already distinguished itself in a very substantial way.

Feeling the indebtedness of the city of Ada and her people to the East Central Normal and its faculty, the club planned a luncheon and program to be given in honor of the Normal faculty at the Harris Hotel last Saturday evening, but owing to unforeseen obstacles the meeting was postponed until last evening at eight o'clock.

The guests and club members all assembled promptly, some sixty in number, and from eight until eight-thirty a reception was held to the wives and invited guests of club members in the parlors of the hotel.

At eight-thirty the dining room was thrown open and the festivities began. Music was furnished by Schreiber and Cruz, and music it was throughout.

A five course luncheon, such as only Mr. McFarland of the New Harris Hotel can plan, was served in the most elegant style, during the entire time of which the guests were regaled with some of the most elegant music ever heard in these parts.

As the last course of the luncheon was rapidly vanishing, Robert Wimbish, that incomparable toastmaster—he of the suave manner and chesterfieldian mein—arose and unchained the lions who indulged in frivolity and laughter for several minutes. He apologized for the fact that I. M. King, who was billed for the welcome address, was indisposed, and proceeded to introduce a substitute in the person of L. A. Ellison, cashier of the Oklahoma State Bank. And a real substitute he was!

Those who had presumed that Ellison's chief entertaining proclivity consisted of a merry ha! ha! and a smile that won't rub off saw right off the bat that they were in for a great surprise. He is not only all that we have already said about him, but he is more—he is an orator! His address was one that could only be inspired by deep conviction of the responsibilities resting upon the American people in these trying and uncertain reconstruction days. The toastmaster was forced to admit that he had not discovered a substitute, but that Ellison was the real thing.

The response by Prof. L. W. Courtney, of Shawnee, was fitting and to the point, and expressed the sentiments of all the teachers. It is hoped, when he paid the city of Ada an excellent tribute and thanked the citizens and the Lions Club for their genial hospitality.

"The New Doctor," by J. E. Hickman, superintendent of city schools, scintillated throughout the confines of the banquet hall like a strange meteor in the starry vault. "Hickman is a star performer," was the verdict of M. F. Manville, president of the club. "He was the surprise of the evening," said toastmaster Robert Wimbish.

J. M. Gordon, president of the East Central Normal, be it known, has just recently had conferred upon him the title of L. L. D., and it was a toast to the new title of Dr. Gordon to which Prof. Hickman had been asked to respond. His bump of humor was swollen to

undue proportions and more times than one Dr. Gordon looked as though he was sorry he had ever had a degree. When he reached the serious vein, however, he was just as much at home, and when he had finished the listeners were convinced that they had enjoyed an intellectual treat.

Following Prof. Hickman, the toastmaster then introduced the principal entertainer of the evening, Dr. Arthur Lee Odell, president of Henry Kendall College, of Tulsa.

The address of Dr. Odell is one that will long be remembered in Ada. It is doubtful, in fact, if Ada ever had within her gates a more profound scholar, a deeper thinker or a better speaker than Dr. Odell. He ran the entire gamut of the English language in his appeal to the moral sensibilities of his audience. Basing his discourse upon the theory that no individual or organization can build permanently for the battles of life without a solid groundwork of Christian character, he seemed to sound every depth of religious philosophy and permeate every recess of scientific thought.

His subject, "Meat for the Lions," was not only meat for lions but it was meat for every human individual who has the faculty of reasoning soberly and thinking deeply. It was indeed a masterpiece for which the club should acknowledge gratitude and everlasting obligations.

The Lions Club of Ada is indeed entitled to much praise for the manner in which the entertainment was conducted. At the same time the club owes a debt of gratitude to those who assisted to make the affair a success. Among those we think of in particular are the Ada Music Co., for the loan free of an excellent piano; to Mr. McFarland, the genial manager of the New Harris Hotel; to those who consented so generously to work on the program; and to our distinguished guests, teachers, ministers and faculty of the East Central State Normal.

May Ada have many more such happy events, as they are a tonic to the community, stimulating and elevating beyond estimation. May the Lions Club of Ada live long and prosper!

CONLEY DIVORCE CASE SETTLED YESTERDAY

The case of N. C. Conley vs. Edna Conley was settled in Judge Bolen's court yesterday. Mr. Conley was granted total divorce.

The custody of the child, for which he was also suing, was decided by allowing the grandmothers of Mr. and Mrs. Conley to each keep the child half the time. This seemed satisfactory to all parties concerned. Mr. Conley was represented in the case by C. O. Barton and Mrs. Conley by B. C. Wadlington.

HEALTH OFFICERS URGES ALL DOCTORS TO FILE BIRTH DATA

OKLAHOMA CITY, June 10.—Dr. A. R. Lewis, state health commissioner, is determined that regulations requiring birth certificates filed by physicians must be carried out. The commissioner says that much assistance in enforcing the rule may be given by the women in that each mother should insist that a birth certificate be filed for her baby. "If every Oklahoma mother will insist that the physician in attendance file such a certificate she will not only be assisting the State Board of Health in its work of conserving public health, but will also be doing an act of simple justice to her baby."

COUNCIL OF FOUR MEETING TODAY

WITH PEACE MAKING QUESTION STILL UNSOLVED, A SPIRIT OF PESSIMISM PERVADES THE COUNCIL.

By the Associated Press

PARIS, June 10.—The Council of Four, composed of the president of the United States and the rulers of France, England and Italy, met in executive session this morning amid an atmosphere of considerable pessimism.

With the larger questions of peace making with Germany still unsolved, it is said that this, the greatest and most powerful peace committee ever assembled in the world's history, seemed as much if not more at sea than ever.

It is understood that Premier Clemenceau has not moved from his position against any modification of the peace terms. This "grand old man of France" is moved by a deep conviction of the wrongs inflicted upon his people by the "terrible Hun," and he is standing like a stone wall for the very letter and spirit of the peace terms as finally agreed upon.

CAPITALISTS PROBED RE PEACE TREATY LEAK

By the Associated Press

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Telegrams requesting that J. P. Morgan, Henry P. Davison, Thomas Lamont, Jacob Schiff, Paul Warburg and Frank Vanderlip appear before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee tomorrow and testify in an investigation as to how private interests were sent out today by direction of Senator Lodge. In the meantime congressmen had copies of the treaty which were published in the Congressional Record.

Court House Notes

J. E. Gipson plead guilty in district court yesterday to a charge of forgery and was sentenced to a year and a day in the pen.

The prosecuting attorney, Wayne Wadlington, has secured an injunction in the district court against Mary Sparks to prevent her from longer living in the red house on North Broadway. It is declared in the petition that the house was a regular assignation house and it was asked that the place be permanently closed.

Frank Stevens and Lorenzo Johnson, negroes, were arrested yesterday on a charge of unlawfully possessing more juice of the corn than the law allows. They were found in a house near the oil mill. The officers captured two and one-half gallons of corn whisky. Fleet Clark was not so fleet when it came to evading the officers or earning a livelihood and he with Simon Frazier were arraigned before Justice Brown this morning on a charge of vagrancy. They made bond and were cited to appear and answer the charge next Saturday morning.

ILLINOIS RATIFIES WOMAN SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT

By the Associated Press

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 10.—The Illinois house of representatives this morning unanimously ratified the federal suffrage amendment which will give women equal suffrage with men. This is what is known as the Susan B. Anthony amendment, passed by congress some time ago and recently passed by the Senate.

CHILD OF JOE WEST DIED LAST NIGHT

George Madison West, the four year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joe West died at the home of his parents on 220 West Main street on the evening of June 10th. The funeral services were conducted this afternoon at four-thirty o'clock. Interment was made in the Rosedale cemetery.

Muskogee Street Car Strike Is Settled

TWO WEEKS TIUP OF STREET CARS IN MUSKOGEE PARTIALLY BROKEN EARLY THIS MORNING.

By the Associated Press

MUSKOGEE, Okla., June 10.—Street cars left the barns here this morning for the first time in nearly two weeks. Although the Electric Traction Company, after prolonged conferences last evening, failed to come to terms with the union, partial service was resumed this morning under police protection. The company announces that the operation of the cars will continue, with the assistance of the police, and up to this hour no outbreak of violence has been encountered.

"If the strikers accept the agreement made by their international organizer, J. B. Lawson, and their attorney, Aldrich Blake, traffic will be resumed as usual in the morning," said R. D. Long, traction company manager last evening. "If they again reject the contract and repudiate their leaders, we will run the cars anyway."

Meeting with the strikers this morning, Mr. Long refused to make further concessions over the agreement previously reached with the car men's representatives.

No More Arbitration. A counter-proposition which would submit the two contracts to arbitration and allow the men to go back to work was offered by the strikers and turned down flat by Mr. Long.

According to the proposal, one man would be selected by the company, one by the employees and these two to select a third to make up the board of arbitration. "Immediately upon the acceptance of this proposal by the company, the men will return to work," said the proposal.

"We already have a clause in the contract for arbitration of differences," said Mr. Long in answer to this proposition. "This would simply arbitrate the arbitration—if anyone can figure that out."

Cars will start running this morning at the usual time, it is expected. A full crew may not be on hand if the contract is not accepted, but runs will be made on all lines, according to Mr. Long.

"I told all the men who wanted jobs to report for work tomorrow morning," said Mr. Long after the meeting with the strikers. Nearly half the force are expected to report, he said. Other places will be filled with outsiders as rapidly as possible.

Labor Union Meeting. Action of the men depends largely on the outcome of a meeting of the Central Labor union last night, the call for which was issued by C. M. Smith, president. Another most important factor in the situation is the attitude of Organizer Lawson, who has the backing of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway employees of America, in which the local union holds a charter.

Passage of a resolution by the local union of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers declaring the contract a farce is expected to have little influence, as the brotherhood is not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, although the application has been made.

Mr. Lawson is believed to hold the key to the union situation inasmuch as upon his report to the international headquarters at Detroit that the local union refused to accept his agreement the strikers may be outlawed from the parent organization.

So far Mr. Lawson has stuck by the street car men hoping for an amicable settlement, but definite action in regard to upholding the agreement made by him with Mr. Long is expected at any moment.

"Order will be maintained at all costs," said Mayor Wisener when questioned on the possible trouble that may arise. "If the city can't maintain order, the county and then the state will be called to our assistance."

"The attitude of the city government is neutral as regards the company and the employees, but the rights of the public must be taken care of. We have not interfered in the trouble except when necessary,

but we are taking every precaution to see that the citizens are protected.

"We have appealed direct to both the heads of the traction company and the heads of the street car men's union to end the difficulty in the interests of the citizens of the community. We have tried not to take sides in the matter."

The questions over which the split was made still prevent an agreement. Seniority rights and dismissal for irregularities in fare collection were the stumbling blocks.

HUSBAND LECTURED: REFUSED DIVORCE

Judge J. W. Bolen not only refused to grant a divorce to J. E. Martin when he appeared in court yesterday but gave him a scorching lecture on the duties he owed to his family and told Mr. Martin he hoped henceforth those duties would be lived up to.

The Martins were married in September, 1914. The union was blessed with twins who are now four years of age and with another child now two years old. They live in Ada.

Martin claims in his petition that for about three years his wife has been so disagreeable that he could have no peace in living with her. He states that she has abused him, cursed him, and has otherwise been so cruel that he has suffered indescribable mental anguish. He charges further that she has claimed to no longer care for him and that on a number of occasions she has refused to cook his breakfast for him and has acted in a manner not like a dutiful wife should act. Martin also asked in his petition that he be granted the custody of the three children and this was also refused.

J. W. Dean represented the plaintiff while Mrs. Martin was represented by King and Crawford.

WIRE OPERATORS SURE TO STRIKE

SO SAYS PRESIDENT KONENKAMP OF THE TELEGRAPHERS IN STATEMENT MADE IN CHICAGO.

By the Associated Press

CHICAGO, June 10.—Only eleven-hour concessions by the operating companies can prevent the strike of union telegraph operators tomorrow, was the statement of International President Konenkamp this morning. It is stated that something like seven thousand telegraph and telephone operators will be affected. The seriousness of the tieup cannot be estimated at this time, yet it is noted that the large operators seem to give the matter very little concern.

CLEMENCEAU DEMANDS HUNGARIANS CEASE HOSTILITIES

By the Associated Press

LONDON, June 10.—A dispatch to the Central News from Copenhagen says that Clemenceau's dispatch to the Hungarian government demanded an immediate cessation of unjustifiable Hungarian attacks on the Czechoslovaks. He declared that failure to meet the demands would result in the allies taking steps to force Hungary's compliance, even if it be necessary to resort to force.

VILLA FORCES ARE AGAIN ACTIVE NEAR THE BORDER

EL PASO, June 10.—Villa forces occupied Guadalupe, a Mexican town opposite Fabens, Texas, last night, according to information from Fabens. Another force, said to be a part of General Angeles' forces, is moving toward Juarez. There is no fighting at Guadalupe, a Carranza garrison having been called into Juarez last week.

THIRTY-NINTH ANNUAL CONVENTION OPENS WITH BIG WORK PROGRAM ALREADY MAPPED OUT.

By the Associated Press

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 10.—Important projects for the advancement of labor and improvement of working conditions, as well as comprehensive outlines of what has been accomplished on labor's behalf during the last year, are set forth in the report of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, submitted today to the officers and delegates attending the opening session of the 39th annual convention.

The advent of peace taken by the council to hold out bright prospects for labor. Of the peace treaty itself, the labor executives forming the council, after endorsing the "triumph of freedom and justice and democracy as exemplified in the covenant of the league of nations," says that the labor sections are a compromise but that it must, however, "be a source of deepest satisfaction to the American working people to know that the American position and the American declarations as presented for insertion in the treaty ranked above all others in point of progress measured and in point of actual application in the lives of the working people. Whatever of compromise appears was made because of the claim that other nations of the world could not pledge themselves to an immediate and definite acceptance as the established practice of our day."

To Make Study of Courts.

Foremost among the matters submitted by the council to the convention are suggestions dealing with legislation to "prevent any invasion of the rights and prerogatives of the legislative branch of our government by the judiciary." The report of the council on this subject was made in accordance with a resolution adopted by the St. Paul convention. In that resolution the council was ordered to study "the successive steps which have been taken by our federal and supreme courts through which, without constitutional authority and in opposition of the action of the constitutional convention, they laid hold upon power which they now exercise." The study has now been partially completed and contains remedial suggestions made by Jackson H. Ralston, attorney of the American Federation of Labor. Three propositions are submitted in the report for the consideration of the convention, each proposing that authority of the supreme court to pass upon acts of congress should be cancelled or abridged.

Arguments for and against the proposals are discussed at considerable length. Mr. Ralston giving it as his opinion that, coupled with judicial reforms there "should go hand in hand the initiative and referendum, proportional representation and the preferential ballot," without which, he says, "methods of attaining justice will lack much of completeness."

This section of the report closes with the statement that the writer is convinced that in this subject the executive council has had before it "one of the gravest fundamental questions with which we have to deal—the preservation of a truly democratic government against what has often been called the 'aristocracy of the robe.'"

To Watch Legislation. Considerable attention is devoted by the report to labor legislation. It is said that some rule should be adopted in congress which would prevent obstructive legislative methods. The report lists among the measures stalled by "the weary waste of worthless words" in the last congress and in which labor was especially interested, the appropriation bills for the war board, United States employment agency, women industry service, working conditions service, and the investigation and inspection service.

The executive council suggests that the convention authorize the printing and wide circulation of a list of measures in which the American Federation of Labor is interested, among which are the bill forbidding immigration for four years during the period of industrial reconstruction, a bill for an old age retirement system for federal employees in the classified service, a bill providing a minimum wage of \$3 a day for federal employees, Secretary Lane's bill to furnish land for soldiers and sailors, a bill to give states the same power over products of convict labor from other states as they exercise over the product of their own prisons, industrial vocational education for persons crippled in industry, increased



"GINGER"
MARGARET LILLIE

With Her Show Girls at the Liberty all This Week

pay for teachers, and educational bills designed to end a dull illiteracy in the United States.

Regarding Labor Appropriations. Appropriations for the department of labor are discussed at some length. It is stated in the report that congress in granting meagre funds to that department "has failed to interpret correctly the spirit and trend of present-day development," especially "at a time where there is world wide recognition of the fundamental importance of industrial problems."

"We maintain," the report continues, "that the importance of the interests at issue and the faithful, loyal service the workers have given the government and society, have earned for us the right to fair consideration in the expenditure of national funds."

"We recommend that congress be advised that it is the earnest desire of the organized labor movement and of all America's workers that the department of labor be performing the important work which devolves upon it." The council recommended to the convention the endorsement of government ownership of the railroads, after setting forth in great detail various suggestions about the railroads from different sources.

Discuss Meat Monopoly. Discussing what is called the "meat packing monopoly," the council quoted the report of the Federal Trade Commission to President Wilson and said that hearings by the house interstate commerce committee "seemed to show conclusively the existence of a combination which not only controls and regulates prices of beef, lamb, butter and other meat, but also eggs, poultry, poultry, cheese, rice, fish, canned goods of all descriptions, leather and wool."

It is stated that insofar as "this combination restricts the supply and enhances the cost of these necessities, the laboring people of the country are adversely affected and the matter becomes one of vital concern to the American Federation of Labor." It is charged in the report that the packers "during the war shortage of leather shoes for soldiers, hoarded such quantities of hides that it was impossible to find proper storage room for them. The development of Armour and Company is discussed at length, but no definite recommendations are made by the executive council.

Brief sketches are given by the council of the progress of legislation dealing with tax exemption for co-operatives, national warehousing, proposing amendments to the Seaman's Bill, initiative and referendum, convict labor, workmen's compensation (government employees, payments and privileges for soldiers and war workers, wheat prices, excessive public borrowings, motion picture censorship, postal wage legislation, navy yard and arsenal services, and educational systems.

A complete report of an investigation made of the elaborate educational system of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union was submitted.

On Health and Insurance. On the subject of health insurance the executive council recommended that it be given further time to complete its study of the various considerations involved and be authorized to make public its views at a later date in the name of the American Federation of Labor.

Considerable progress was reported in the matter of securing a shorter work day for various trades and occupations, it being added that "the rapid trend toward the general establishment of the shortest work day developed during the war must not be allowed to wane during the period of reconstruction." The executive council recommended that the entire matter be taken up by the convention for consideration and action.

The labor reconstruction program, formulated by a committee

appointed by the St. Paul convention and made public last December, is printed in full and endorsed in the executive council's report. International labor relations are discussed at length and the results accomplished, which have been announced from time to time are set forth.

Labor's Part in War. Under the heading, "Labor and Peace," the report quotes the declaration, issued by the American Federation of Labor March 12, 1917, discussing labor's effort to win the war and continues, "Turning from war to peace upon the signing of the armistice a condition soon became apparent to everyone that had long been feared by organized labor. It was made apparent very early that there had been no adequate forethought and provision made the transition from a war basis to a peace basis in industry and that as a result a period of industrial confusion and unemployment was at hand."

"In addition there were pronouncements from high sources among employers that extensive reduction of wages would be undertaken. The taunt also was thrown at working people that they should have been able during the war because of increased wages to save enough to carry them through the period of readjustment. These statements betray either ignorance or a desire to wilfully deceive, because they completely ignored the fact that the rising cost of living had absorbed whatever increase in wages had been secured and in many cases went beyond the point of absorption, effecting an actual decrease in purchasing power of the individual."

"Declarations of a policy of wage reduction came to our attention at Laredo, Texas. President Gompers there introduced the subject in open conference and declared that labor would resist to the utmost any policy of wage reduction."

This position has been affirmed since that date on many occasions and it was due to this prompt and decisive answer to this challenge fully sustained by labor that there has not been a general assault on wages by employers who cannot comprehend the trend of the times.

Position Must Be Maintained. "The position of labor must be maintained and advanced at all hazards. It is the opinion of your executive council that no wages paid to American workmen today are too high but that on the contrary wages far too low are paid in many industries. Progress is the word today and the progress worth most and best understood is the kind that reaches the individual in the form of a better life, a freer and larger opportunity, and more of the things by which life is sustained and enriched. The progress of our movement in realizing these things for the workers is not

"CAN I BE CURED?" SAYS THE SUFFERER

How often have you heard that sad cry from the victims of disease. Perhaps the disorder has gone too far for help, but oftener it is just in its first stages and the pains and aches are only nature's first cries for help. Do not despair. Find out the cause and give nature all the help you can and she will repay you with health. Look after the kidneys. The kidneys are the most overworked organs of the human body, and when they fail in their work of filtering and throwing off the poison that constantly accumulates in the system, everything goes wrong. GOLD MEDAL Hairline Oil Capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney and bladder troubles and their kindred ailments. They will free your body from pain in short order. But be sure to get GOLD MEDAL. Look for the name on every box. In three sizes, sealed packages. Money refunded if they do not help you.

to be denied by any influence or obstacle."

Formation of the pan-American Federation of Labor at Laredo, Texas, last November is reported with a recommendation that the American Federation of Labor continue its participation and send delegates to the meeting in July. The many war activities of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, are recounted.

The Council also reported the result of its investigation of suits by the Coronado Coal company against the United Mine Workers of America, which have been before the courts since 1914, and recommendation is made that the federation give the miners' union such assistance as is possible in appealing the case to the United States Supreme Court.

After setting forth the valuable work done during the past year by official trade union journals, American Federation of Labor publications and organizers, the report of the council concludes:

Peace Is Not the End. "No question of great national policy or of great national interest is decided today without a contribution of thought and viewpoint by the labor movement. The war brought to the nation and to the labor movement questions more vital and more involved than we had known prior to the war. The coming of peace in nowise lessens the magnitude of the issues that must be dealt with."

"The American Federation of Labor, however, may face the future and its problems with a confidence born of severe trial and with an announced membership and unity of purpose."

"It is essential that in order to take fullest advantage of the opportunities that lie just ahead and to assume our full share of responsibility, every possible energy should be bent toward increasing the strength of the labor movement."

"Satisfying as has been the progress made in the year just closed, a vast amount of work in this direction remains to be done. The greater our strength, the better will our movement be equipped to accomplish the great work that is at hand for the coming year. Now, more than ever, the thought of the world is directed toward the achievement of progress and the establishment of high ideals."

"The inspirations for this trend of events has been the product of the labor movement and the labor movement must continue to lead in this direction."

A. & M. EXAMINATIONS FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Supt. Floyd announces that a competitive examination will be held at his office Friday and Saturday for selecting the winners of the two A. & M. scholarships from Pontotoc county. Following is the text of the law enacted by the last legislature:

Be it Enacted by the People of the State of Oklahoma:

Section 1. That for the purpose of placing practical training in agriculture within the reach of every boy in the State of Oklahoma, and the stimulating of scientific farming, two annual scholarships for each county in this state are hereby created, said scholarships to be for a period of two years, and providing for the payment by the state of the sum of \$100.00 per year on each scholarship and to be awarded each year as follows: On the second Friday and Saturday in June of each year, there shall be held in the county seat of each and every county an examination to be given under the direction and supervision of the county superintendent of schools; questions for said examination to be furnished by the president and faculty of the A. and M. College under the rules and regulations to be prescribed by the president of the A. and M. college.

Section 2. All boys of each and every county, who have completed the common school course, as prescribed by the State Board of Education and who have taken their examinations, and received their diplomas, or are entitled to such diplomas, shall be eligible to take such examination.

Section 3. When said examination has been completed, it shall be the duty of the county superintendent to seal and forward all manuscripts by express, or other safe means, to the president of the A. and M. College; said manuscripts shall be graded by the faculty of the A. and M. College, and the boys making the first and second highest general averages from each county shall be awarded the 3rd and 4th highest general averages shall be designated as alternates to take the place, in the event it is impossible for the ones receiving the award to attend the College; that said examination shall be arranged so as to determine the boy's knowledge of farming as well as his interest in farm pursuits. Boys receiving the benefit of such scholarships shall obligate themselves to become actual farmers for at least such a period of time as they shall have been students of the institution as herein provided for.

Section 4. Payment on the scholarships herein mentioned shall be made at the end of each month during the school year, such payments to be made in equal sums during the scholastic term of said year. The payments are to be made upon claims made and verified by such student; showing that said student has attended the classes to which he is assigned and has done satisfactory work therein. Upon the filing of such claim with the President of said College, the same shall be passed upon by the President and if approved by him, a warrant upon said fund shall issue in the manner provided by law for the payment of other claims.

Section 5. There is hereby appropriated out of any money in the State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of Fifteen Thousand Four Hundred (\$15,400) Dollars, for the year 1919-1920, and the sum of Thirty Thousand Eight Hundred (\$30,800) Dollars for the year 1920-1921, said sums to be placed in a special fund known as A. and M. free scholarship fund, and to be paid out by the State Treasurer upon warrants duly signed by the president of the A. and M. College.

Amount of farm experience; membership in agricultural clubs.

5. (a) Examinations shall be held by county superintendents on the second Friday and Saturday in June at the county seats.

(b) Contestants must not communicate with one another or with other persons than the examiner during the time of examination.

(c) Questions are to be opened in the presence of contestants at the beginning of each examination.

(d) All papers are to be submitted by contestants; are to be sealed in special return envelopes, registered and mailed to the President of the Oklahoma A. and M. College at Stillwater.

(e) Papers submitted must be neatly written in ink on legal size paper, name on each sheet, also number of page and subject. The writing should be done on one side only.

(f) Accompanying each examination must be a certificate from the county superintendent showing that the examination has been conducted according to rules.

It is desired that boys in your county be informed of the provisions of this act so that they may take advantage of the opportunity to compete for one of your scholarships. Cordially yours,

J. W. CANTWELL, President.

KENTUCKY'S FLAG TO BE RETURNED FROM ENGLAND

By the Associated Press
LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 10.—Kentucky's battle scarred flag, carried by Kentucky pioneers until they surrendered to the British and

Indians at the battle of the River Raisin in Michigan in the war of 1812, may be returned from England where it was taken when the British army departed from America.

The Kentuckians' battle standard, on which is written part of the state's motto—"United We Stand"—is the emblem which Major Sir Evelyn Wrench, one of the founders of the English Speaking Union, recently discovered hanging in the chapel of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, London, along with other captured flags. Governor James D. Black said he would seek its immediate return.

The emblem is believed to have been taken by the British when the Kentucky volunteers under General J. M. Winchester marched to the relief of inhabitants of Frenchtown. They were ambushed by Indians and British, under the ruthless Proctor, at the River Raisin, and attacked by overwhelming numbers.

After the surrender Proctor moved away with his British forces, leaving the prisoners and inhabitants to the mercy of the liquor-crazed Indians, who massacred all but a few. These were taken to Detroit and sold as slaves.

ALL CHURCH PEOPLE to meet Wednesday evening of this week at 8:30 at the First Presbyterian church for a Community Prayer Meeting. Topic: "The Purpose of Prayer."

Bring in that picture and let me frame it for you.—C. A. Cummins.

It's SO easy!
A single trial package of
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will convince you that never before have you known true happiness at the end of the day.

White?—why it gives your clothes a whiteness that even the fleeciest clouds cannot rival.

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"THE PURPOSE OF PRAYER" will be the topic for the Community Prayer Meeting to be held Wednesday evening of this week at 8:30 at the First Presbyterian church.

A little soda dissolved in warm water and ammonia cleans brushes nicely.

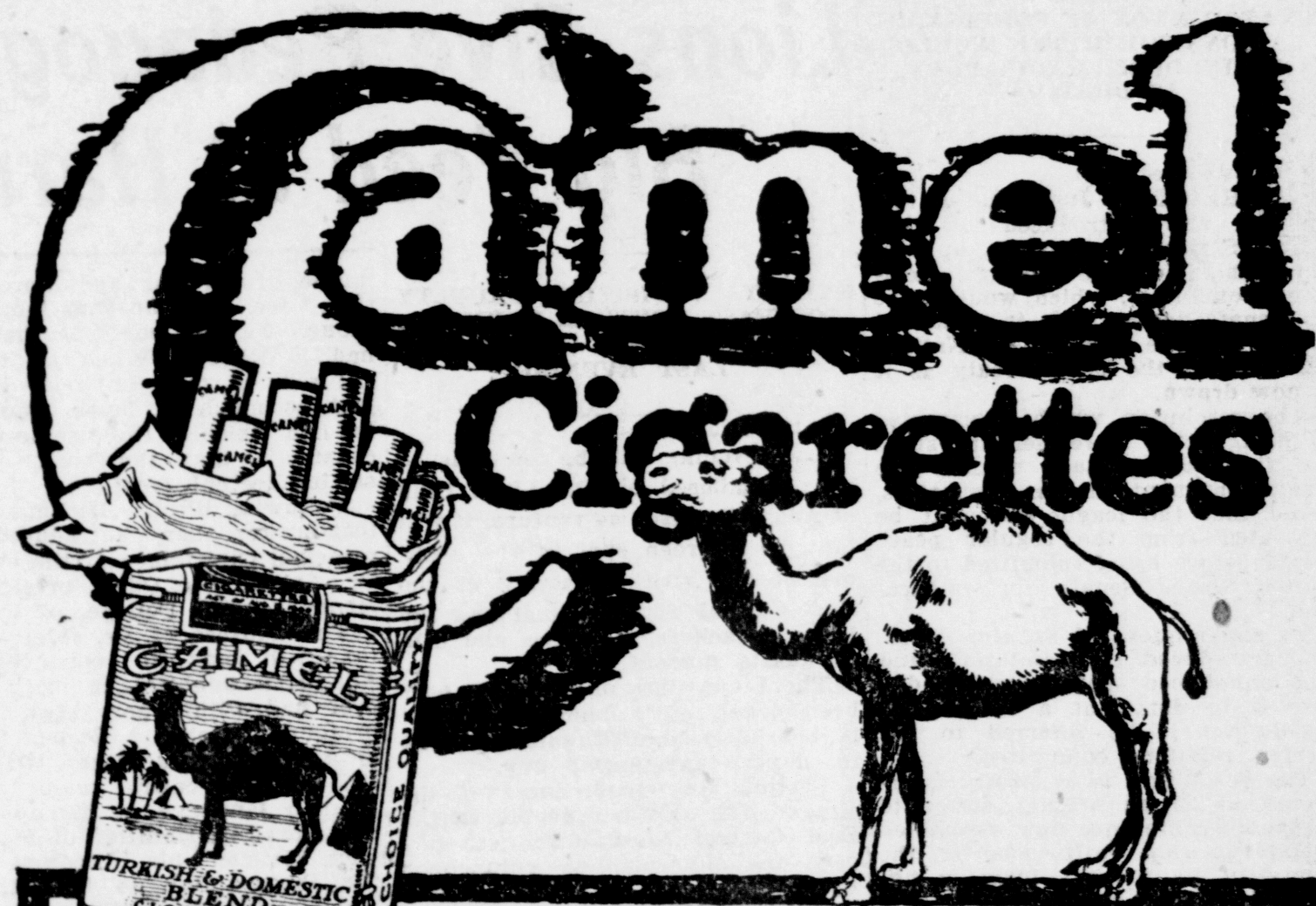
Do YOU want Clothes that Dazzle?

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18 cents a package

What you pay out your good money for is cigarette satisfaction—and, my, how you do get it in every puff of Camels!

EXPERTLY blended choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos in Camel cigarettes eliminate bite and free them from any unpleasant cigarettey aftertaste or unpleasant cigarettey odor.

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GEO. M. HALL
With the Margaret Lillie Show Girls at the Liberty
All This Week

FRENCH 'BLUEBEARD' MUST ACCOUNT FOR FIVE WOMEN

Paris Police Suspect Former Occupant of Many Villas
with Disappearance of Seven Other Persons
in Remarkable Mystery.

PARIS, June 10.—Four lonely country villages, a mysterious man and his "wives," who entered the villas, never to be seen or heard of again, are the principal features of the remarkable case of Henri Landrau, whom the Paris police believe to be a modern "Bluebeard."

The best detectives in Paris are working on the mystery, and bit by bit they are piecing together an amazing story of women whom they believe to have been first fascinated, then lured to their doom.

Briefly, the revelations that have followed the arrest of Landrau are these: He owned or rented four secluded villas in lonely parts of the country around about Paris. He inveigled wealthy women to whom he had professed love to these villas, and from then these women completely and mysteriously disappeared.

The women's fortunes, however, seem to have remained in the "Bluebeard's" possession.

So far it is definitely known that women who have been associated with Landrau have disappeared. These women are:

1.—Celine Buisson, a charming widow, about 45 years old.

2.—Anna Colomb, a gay and high-spirited woman of about 44 years.

3.—Marie Theres Marchadier, a handsome brunette, age 37.

4.—Mme. Annette Pascal, 55, a wealthy dressmaker, divorced from her husband.

5.—Mme. Cuchet, who took her son of 16 with her, and he, too, never has been seen again. This makes six persons whose whereabouts Landrau will be called upon to disclose.

A number of other women are proved to have played a part in this man's life, not to mention two girls of 10 he once passed off as his daughters, but at present information concerning them is vague. In all, thirteen persons are missing, and the police suspect that Landrau had a hand in their disappearance.

Mystery Deepens.

That mystery is deepened by the fact that no human bodies have been found, although the police have made a diligent search of the villages of Gambais, where one time the villas was situated, state that only have seen strange bonfires in the grounds of the mysterious villa.

The theory that the bodies of the missing women have been destroyed, the police have discovered the bodies of three dogs, who belonged to one of the missing women, and a cat which belonged to another, buried in the grounds of the villa at Gambais. The Gambais villa seems to have been the principal scene of the crimes.

Landrau is alleged to have carried out his adventures under various names. Here are some of his aliases: George Dupont, M. Fremlet, Julian Guillet, M. Natier, M. Cruchet de Fremaire, M. Cruchet and M. Diaro.

Once a Swindler.

Born in Paris in 1869 of a good family, Landrau was sent to the university, where he distinguished himself as an art student and in the study of law. He also claims to be a mechanical engineer and is a very clever mechanic.

At an early age he commenced a career as a swindler, which was closed by two sentences on charges of fraud.

Landrau had a wife and three children—one son and two daughters. However, his wife has mainly lived apart from him since his second term of imprisonment.

From then on he lived a roving life. It was a mystery how he came to have so much money, as he never appeared to follow any definite occupation. He spent week-ends at the mysterious villas, Paris, where he met various women. When taking the villa, he said he liked to live in the country whenever possible.

Landrau's son Charles, who is now a young man of 20, kept in touch with his father, and was often employed by him in various ways.

This young man expresses himself as astonished by the charges laid at his father's door. To him his father did not seem at all like the sort of a man capable of committing such crime. "If he is guilty," the young man told an interviewer, "the only explanation I can give is that he has a double personality—a sort of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde in real life."

It seems that there are two separate beings in my father. He who ordinarily was so gentle, patient and lovable used to have terrible paroxysms of anger for a mere nothing and then he was like a furious madman. This may explain many things.

Severe to His Children.

He was good to his children. Never did he give them bad advice or excuse even the slightest fault. He was severe. This man who had been convicted of swindling, always gave us counsel of honesty and uprightness. He did not smoke, drink or gamble.

The son added that his father was a clever man. His first profession was that of an architect, but he also was interested in engineering, and put on the market an improved form of motorcycle. He is Agents.

worked for a time in the copper mines of Charrar and the lead mines of Marveois, at the installation of an electric factory at Montmorency, and on public works at Havre.

He had several medals of honorable mention, and for the plans of a crece at Monge received the Academic Palm.

As regards the Bluebeard villa at Gambais, the son says he went there to do repairs for his father, but always alone. His mother and sisters had visited the house and stayed several days. The father said he wanted to buy it as a speculation. He did business openly in furniture and no one suspected him of wrong doing.

Landrau guarded his mysterious villas very jealously. No strangers, not even trade people, were ever allowed to enter. He possessed several elegant motor cars and spent his time visiting his different abodes, usually spending alternate week-ends at the villas. To his friends he even hinted he was a secret service man.

The police seem to have been set in motion against Landrau by a letter which reached the Mayor of Gambais inquiring if he knew anything about a certain Mme. Buisson, who was living in the village. The mayor sent a reply immediately to the effect that he did not know anyone of that name.

By return post there came another letter, accompanied by a photograph of Mme. Buisson. The mayor showed this photograph to a number of the villagers, several of whom identified the photograph as that of a woman seen walking in the grounds, with the occupant of the mysterious villa. Not knowing what course to take, the mayor in his reply advised Mme. Lacoste, a sister, to communicate with the police.

Met in an Omnibus.

It appeared that Mme. Buisson left her home in Paris in August, 1917, telling Mme. Lacoste that she was going away with her sweetheart, whom she described as a M. Fremlet, and that they were to stay at his house in Gambais.

Mme. Lacoste knew Landrau had gone to see her sister at Gambais several times. And this is her story:

"About three months after the disappearance of my sister, Fremlet came to see me, and said calmly: 'Your sister is in good health, and sends you greetings.' At that time I had no suspicion of anything being wrong, and it was only some time afterwards when I got no news of her that I began to grow anxious."

"My sister's husband, who died in 1912, left her a considerable quantity of furniture and a sum of money amounting to 12,000 francs, and Celine was very anxious to marry again. With this object in view, she studied the matrimonial advertisements in the papers every morning."

Several times I reproached her with trying to find a husband in this way, but she only laughed. "She afterwards stated that she had made the acquaintance of M. Fremlet in an omnibus."

Another of the suspected victims is Mme. Annette Pascal, who came to Paris after being divorced from her husband. She established herself with her niece at dressmaking in the Rue de Stendahl.

Landrau met her through a matrimonial advertisement. He invited the aunt and niece to dinner at his flat, and astonished them with acrobatic feats and conjuring tricks. They nicknamed him the "India rubber man."

Later Mme. Pascal visited Landrau's flat unaccompanied, and the next day she sobbingly told a friend that Landrau had frightened her badly. "But," she added, "he is a charming man."

Hypnotized His Victim.

"He made me sit in a chair, and uncoiled my hair. He went down on his knees, took my hands, fixed me with his eyes and said, 'Annette, I am your master; you must belong to me.' I suddenly felt queer. I saw a diabolical glint in his eyes, and must have become unconscious, because I remember nothing more. I don't want to see him again—he terrified me. He must be a devil."

Later when Mme. Pascal spoke of leaving Paris owing to the air raids and the Big Bertha bombardments, Landrau offered her the shelter of his country house—the mysterious villa of Gambais.

She accepted the invitation, departed for Gambais, taking with her a favorite black and white cat. To a friend who saw her off at the station she said, "I do not know what is the matter with me, but I'm afraid."

She promised to write, but never did so, and no news of her has been received. But, as stated above, the body of the cat has been dug up in the garden of the lonely villa.

The girl Segret, with whom Landrau was living in a Paris flat at the time of his arrest, has told the police that she met Landrau a few months ago through a matrimonial agency, and he had promised to marry her soon. The girl had found in the flat various women's articles, several locks of women's hair of different shades, lingerie bearing various marks and small feminine souvenirs, but Landrau refused to explain their origin.

However, the fact that Landrau feared he would be caught by the police does not seem to have prevented his doing his best to captivate another woman. According to a story told to the police by a Mlle. Deschamps, he was endeavoring to ensnare her half an hour before his arrest.

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"A widow in good circumstances and of perfect education desires a situation as lady housekeeper."

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"My marriage is near, and my future husband is a charming man. He does not know what to do to make me happy. I have just spent some time with him at a villa which he has rented near Mantes. It is a splendid place. My only worry is that we see nobody. My fiancé has most disagreeable neighbors, it seems."

"He told me never to speak to them nor to go about outside the garden so as to avoid meeting them, and never to open the door if any one rang while he was out."

Her neighbors never saw the poor woman again, but one morning some time later Landrau appeared with his motor car, and took away all Madame Guillin's personal effects. He paid the rent due to the landlady and turned over the keys of the flat.

Landrau has undergone a lengthy examination by Judge Tanguy in the Chambers, but would make no admissions and stoutly maintained that he was innocent of the murder of any of the women who had been his friends.

The judge pointed out that Landrau's list corresponded exactly with the police list of missing women. "But," said Landrau, "that is only a coincidence."

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give a prescription to Doctor Buckles, as he was a physician," said Doctor Myers.

Instead of purchasing the drug that day Doctor Buckles waited until Friday before going to a Kansas City drug house.

"I am not positive what I asked for, chloride or sulphate," he said after his wife's death. "But I received chloride."

Wife Said Taste Was Different.

Previously he had given his wife some of the sulphate. She spoke of the difference in taste when he administered the chloride, mixed, one-half ounce in sixteen ounces of buttermilk.

"This medicine does not taste like the other," Dr. Buckles says she told him. He tasted it and agreed. Shortly afterwards the medicine was taken early yesterday morning—Mrs. Buckles became violently ill.

Doctor Buckles telephoned Doctor Myers and asked him what drug it was he had told him to get for his wife.

"Barium sulphate," Doctor Myers says he replied.

"All right," Doctor Buckles said and rang off.

Called Another Doctor.

Dr. D. M. Smith, 1409 South Twenty-sixth street, Kansas side, received a phone call from Doctor Buckles shortly afterward.

"Come on over quick, I believe I have made a mistake," he said.

When Doctor Smith arrived at the house Doctor Buckles had washed his wife's stomach with warm water, but she was in convulsions. Doctor Myers was called. When he arrived Mrs. Buckles had died.

Doctor Buckles is prostrated. Dr. Farquhar Campbell, acting coroner on the Kansas side, was called and performed an autopsy. He found Mrs. Buckles had died as the result of poisoning.

Coroner Accepts Explanation.

After hearing a full explanation, he said he intended to sign the death certificate, "Accidental poisoning given by mistake."

Doctor Buckles, who has practiced medicine on the Kansas side ten years, enjoys a good reputation in medical circles. He has been considered a careful physician.

The couple had been married twelve years, and have one child, a daughter, Pauline, 10 years old. Although no funeral arrangements have been made, it was announced last night Mrs. Buckles would be buried at Harper, Kas.

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By the News Publishing and Printing Co.
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Marvin Brown, Editor

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BABYLONIAN AUSTRIA.

In considering the German peace terms, the world almost overlooks those imposed on Austria, her partner in crime. The Austrian treaty seems to be regarded as little more than a parenthetical detail in the big task of settlement. And yet, in many ways, the fate meted out to Austria is far more impressive than Germany's.

It was commonly said, when the Austro-Hungarian group of conspirators plunged Europe into war, that it would be the end of the historic empire. Through long years that result remained doubtful. Now it is absolutely assured. The most wicked and mischievous of European monarchies has met the fate of its ancient prototype, Babylon. It has been weighed in the balance and found wanting. The kingdom is divided.

The nations so long oppressed are liberated. Czechs, Slovaks, Slovenes, Serbs, Roumanians, Poles and the rest, all are released to adhere to the bulk of their race represented in other governments, or set up new, democratic governments of their own.

There remain only the two centers of Hapsburg domination, Austria proper and Hungary proper, stripped of all the inhabitants they joined in domineering over. They are separated from each other. Hungary will be recognized as a nation, no greater than the neighbors she scorned, when she has eliminated Bolshevism. There is left, therefore, to bear the old name and tradition of the Austrian Empire, only the once proud and gay city of Vienna with a little area surrounding it, an inland territory about the size of Connecticut, containing only 6,000,000 or 7,000,000 people of German blood, out of the 50,000,000 people over whom the House of Hapsburg ruled five years ago.

The royal family has vanished. The imperial tradition is turned to disgrace. Honor is gone, prosperity is gone, the manhood of the nation is gone. There are no more dreams of national greatness, with Germany or without her. There is only a little, helpless, poverty-stricken region with a big, empty, mournful capital, shut off from the sea, shut off from the world's respect, shut off from hope, inheriting the load of infamy and debt left by the whole empire, and destined to bear, under duress, all of that burden that those Austro-Germans can bear without perishing.

And it is a just fate, because that remnant was the inspiration and support of the greatest crime in history.

THE HOODOO THAT WON.

In the general chorus of praise for the famous seaplane NC-4, first aircraft to cross the Atlantic, most people have overlooked or forgotten the fact that the NC-4 was a "hoodoo ship."

The New York World recalls the striking series of mishaps that gave her that evil reputation. She had so much difficulty in getting her full complement of machinery that she had no time for the desired test flights. She was nearly destroyed by fire before leaving Rockaway on the first lap of her journey. At the very start, her engineer had his right hand cut off by a propeller. On the first "leg" she was forced down by engine trouble off Cape Cod. Trailing after her sister planes, she was held up by bad weather at Chatham, Mass., and at Halifax. She was so slow in arriving at Trepassey that the NC-1 and NC-3 had already started, though they were obliged that time to turn back.

And yet the "hoodoo ship" was the only one that reached the Azores in good condition, and went on to Portugal and England, finishing her pioneer trip in a blaze of glory.

It is often so with reputed hoodoos, whether in aviation or navigation or business life or anywhere else. Many a man who has been known as a veritable hoodoo has made good at length—precisely because he refused to believe himself dogged by inevitable bad luck. Such cases are little noticed because when the failure becomes a success it is so easily forgotten that he was ever considered a failure.

The logical conclusion seems to be that "hoodoos" are generally psychological. They exist only when the people most concerned think they exist. Lieut. Read and his crew flatly refused to consider their craft a hoodoo, and therefore she turned out a winner.

ACTION ON THE LAND BILL.

Secretary Lane in testifying before the House public lands committee pleaded for quick action on the big project for furnishing farms to soldiers and sailors. He ought to get it, and the indications are that he will.

In fact, this measure seems to be in a more favorable situation than any other important piece of legislation at Washington. The executive and legislative departments are agreed as to its merits. Both parties are supporting it. If there is any politics in their attitude, it is the

most commendable sort of politics, which consists in seeking the political benefit that comes from helping along a thing which is intrinsically good and which the public wants.

There is no question as to how the men for whose benefit the measure is intended look upon it. Secretary Lane said last week that about 60,000 soldiers had applied for land already, and he had reason to believe that there were 650,000 service men who wanted to become land holders. The public as a whole has had nothing but praise for the plan. Every section of the country is for it. Under these exceptional conditions, it may be expected to pass without delay. If it does not, the nation will want to know why.

HUMAN FUEL CONSUMPTION.

In 1914 the American people consumed 80.1 pounds of sugar per capita.

In 1830 consumption was limited to 12.1 per capita; in 1890, 58.9 pounds; in 1910, 79.9 pounds.

In 1919 sugar use had fallen to 78.1 pounds; in 1917 it rose to 81.8 pounds.

In 1870 the price of sugar to the consumer was 13.51 cents; in 1880 it was 9.80 per pound.

Over the five-year war period our country had the cheapest sugar and gasoline prices in the world.

When the embargo of war is off in this country the consumption will go to much higher percentages. As a community goes prohibition, the demand for sweets increases. Candy stores and soft-sweet-drink places have increased markedly. The same is recorded in other cities and states. Man has accustomed himself to the stimulant of sugar in some form so long that he cannot do without it. If he saves in liquor he adds an extra cube or two to his cup of tea or coffee and he finds himself a patron of the candy store or the soda fountain.

The argument is convincing. The sociological-economic revolutions that are going hand in hand throughout the world, call for gasoline for external and candy for internal propulsion.

ARE YOU A FIRE FIEND?

Fire is responsible for a greater loss of life and property than any other agency and 80 per cent of the fires are preventable.

At this time of year it is particularly important to clean up and destroy all rubbish and refuse.

In 18 of the principal Pacific coast cities, 1,135 fire alarms were received in April. Virtually all of these fires were due to carelessness.

Think of this terrible loss that could be so easily prevented if just ordinary precautions were used.

We read regularly of a house burning up with children locked in it, of school house fires, hotel fires, forest fires and great factory fires, etc., and in nine cases out of ten the cause of the disaster was plain carelessness or thoughtlessness on somebody's part.

It is much easier to prevent a fire than to put it out. Be careful!

THE BEST ANSWER.

On the whole the experiment of government operation has been one of the most fortunate chapters in the economic history of the nation. It has tried an arrangement which formerly was an issue, and found it wanting.

Government control of 240,944 miles of America's railway system, according to official figures for first three months of 1919, shows cost to taxpayers to be \$176,116,065. The same period in 1918 showed a loss of \$146,462,329. And this with increased rates and reduced service.

The men who are adapting war-time inventions to the purposes of peace are at work in many fields. The camouflage department of the navy plans to lessen the danger of collision at sea by painting ships in a way that will make it easier to tell their true courses and that will increase their visibility. Microphones and geophones, which used to reveal the whereabouts of German guns, will help to find imprisoned miners.

If all the minute details called for in the income tax report of corporations are closely examined by the internal revenue department, it will take most of the collections to employ a sufficient number of men to do the work. Any one who has had one to make out realizes that the job is worse than the tax.

Austria is assuming a different attitude toward the Allies to that taken by Germany. The German peace delegates are arrogant and brusque. The Austrian delegates are humble and submissive. Germany still demands things, but Austria simply begs for mercy.

The peace terms, says Brockdorff-Rantzau, are "more than Germany can bear." And the war Germany waged was more than Belgium and France could bear.

Norway refuses to join in a blockade against Germany in case the Germans refuse to sign the peace treaty.

Carl Strong, a Miami soldier, lost his life after he started for home by being washed from the deck of the ship.

By a vote of 3,600 to 300 Pettis county, Missouri, has voted \$500,000 to build roads. Sedalia is in this county.

The government will distribute fifteen million hand grenades to be used as penny savings banks by children.

Macon county will soon vote on issuing \$500,000 worth of bonds to build roads.

COST OF LIVING DECREASES 3 PER CENT

The cost of living for American wage-earners declined less than 3 per cent from the signing of the armistice to the first week in March, according to a statement issued by the National Industrial Conference Board, the big Federation of Employers' association, of which Magnus W. Alexander is the head. The changes since November, 1918, in the average cost of the different items entering into the budget were:

Food, 4.4 per cent decrease; shelter, 1.7 per cent increase; clothing, 6.2 per cent decrease; fuel, heat and light, 1.3 per cent increase; sundries, no change; all items, 2.8 per cent decrease.

To obtain the figure for the change in the budget as a whole the different items were given the following relative importance: Food, 43 per cent of the total; shelter, 18 per cent; clothing, 13 per cent; fuel, heat and light, 6 per cent; sundries, 20 per cent. These percentages are averages of the actual expenditures of several thousand families, as ascertained in investigations by the government and other authoritative agencies. It is significant that one of the items which increased in cost was rents. Advances were especially noticeable in cities which were marked for the better class of tenements and cottages. The prevailing opinion was that rents would not decline until building should be begun on an extensive scale and at lower costs. An increase of 4 per cent in the price of anthracite coal bought in top lots and a slight increase in the cost of gas and electricity to small domestic consumers were responsible for the increase in the item of fuel, heat and light. In clothing the greatest decreases were in the price of cotton yarn goods and of made-up overalls and work shirts, for which the war advances were especially pronounced. Shoes and gloves increased slightly in price. This is the third study of war-time family budgets that has been made within the last year by the National Industrial Conference Board, says the Survey. In June, 1918, according to its findings, the cost of living for American wage-earners had increased 52.3 per cent over July, 1914; in November, 1918, the increase had reached 65.9 per cent, while the figure for March, 1919, is given as 61.3 per cent.

Starch will not sour if a little sulphate of copper is added to it when boiled.

When he met Brady in the lobby later, he says, Brady accused him of having been in the room of the women for an immoral purpose. Barham declares that he denied the charge and that Brady immediately assaulted him. He alleges that his right shoulder was badly sprained and bruised, that he was struck in the back by a cuspidor thrown by Brady, and that a whisky bottle thrown by Brady struck him in the back of the head. He alleges also that Brady had a negro porter hold him while Brady continued to beat him.

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conditions have so far developed there is the report of labor representatives on the ground. It is recalled, however, that in the past attempts were made there by men to foment strikes and cause trouble between farmers and wheat harvesters. Enid is the distributing point of all the labor used in the wheat fields of Central and Northern Oklahoma, which use probably 75 per cent of such labor. Wages are high for harvesters in Oklahoma this year and there is no apprehension of any general dissatisfaction in this regard.

HOTEL SLEUTH IS DEFENDANT IN \$11,000 SUIT

OKLAHOMA CITY, Ok., June 10.—Suits for \$11,000 damages for alleged personal injuries was filed by Roy E. Barham yesterday afternoon against R. M. Brady, house detective, of the Lee-Huckins hotel, and the Huckins Hotel company.

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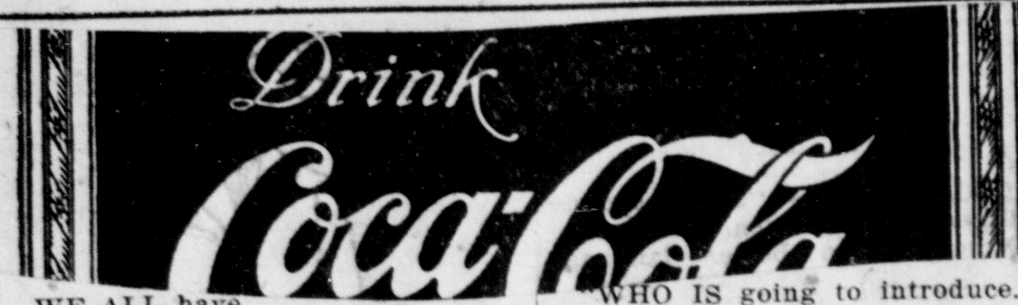
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WE ALL HAVE.

OUR PECULIARITIES.

AND ODD ways.

AND STRANGE habits.

BUT ONE of the strangest.

IS THE way we go about.

TO PRESENT a speaker.

AT A meeting.

OF SOME kind.

AND THE chairman.

OR MASTER of ceremonies.

WILL GET UP.

AND SAY a whole lot of stuff.

AND WIND UP with.

"I WILL now introduce to you.

"THE GENTLEMAN.

"WHO WILL introduce.

"THE MAN who is going.

"TO INTRODUCE the man.

"WHO WILL introduce.

"THE SPEAKER of the occasion."

AND THAT fellow.

WILL GO ahead.

AND TALK for half an hour.

ABOUT SOMETHING.

THAT'S OF interest to him.

BUT TO nobody else.

AND THEN he'll say:

"I WILL now introduce to you.

"THE GENTLEMAN.

"WHO WILL introduce the man.

WHO IS going to introduce.

"OUR HONORED guest.

AND THIS next guy.

WILL UNRAVEL his speech.

ABOUT SOMETHING dry.

AND WILL conclude.

WITH THE statement.

"IT GIVES me great pleasure.

"TO INTRODUCE to you.

"THIS WELL known man.

"WHO IS going to introduce.

"OUR PRINCIPAL speaker."

AND THIS next bird.

RELIEVES HIMSELF.

OF HIS little spiel.

AND AT the end of it.

HE DECLARES to the audience:

"IT IS my privilege.

"TO PRESENT to you.

"THIS GENTLEMAN.

"WHO IS going to speak to us.

"AND WHO needs no introduction."

AND SITS down.

AND THE speaker of the evening.

GETS UP on his feet.

AND INTRODUCES himself.

AND IT looks to me.

LIKE AN awful waste of time.

AND ENERGY.

I THANK you.

ARTHUR LEE ODELL SPOKE AT NORMAL

Dr. Arthur Lee Odell, president of Henry Kendall College of Tulsa, who came to Ada as the chief speaker at the Lions' Club banquet, was called upon for an address at the chapel meeting at the Normal this morning, and responded in a manner to further endear him to the hearts of the citizens of Ada and to the students at the school.

The line along which Dr. Odell spoke this morning was education in general and the teacher's opportunity in particular. He stated that never before had the teacher such a field for usefulness and urged those who heard him to live up to their opportunity and use the material in their hands to develop the best possible men and women, both from a mental and spiritual standpoint. His address was richly applauded and enthusiastically received.

The Henry Kendall College of which Dr. Odell is head is now in a campaign for a million dollar endowment fund and it is expected they will be successful in their efforts. The attendance at their last session was nearly 400.

While in the city Dr. Odell is the guest of President and Mrs. J. M. Gordon at their home on South Francis.

Maggie Superstitions.

The magpie has a lot of stories connected with his career. What I am going to tell you seems like nonsense, but it is a straight fact. The "mag" of magpie was originally Marguerite or Margaret, simmering down into a nickname, just as a lot of human Margarets are affectionately called "Mag" by their friends. Of the magpie it is said that to see one is a sign of bad luck, two good luck, three death, four a wedding.—Exchange.

The Brute.

Popperton—"The wife has gone shopping and left me in charge of the baby, and I'm blest if I know how to keep the beggar quiet." Grimshaw (after critically regarding the howling juvenile)—"I should think you could easily keep him quiet, both in a vocal and physical way, by gagging him carefully, tying his hands behind his back, binding his feet together, nailing his clothes to the floor, and then administering chloroform to him."

Mastering Worry.

The person who knows no worry is a fortunate individual (if such a human being possibly exists), but worry as well as its first cousins, nerves, can be mastered if we sensibly take each day as it comes, smiling at its problems, and forgetting all about that "doubtful future" which some folks declare is full of woes.

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

City Briefs

Get it at Gwin & Mays.

Smith sells refrigerators.

"Don't get Gay with Kirby."

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

Have your Photo made at West's.

The attendance at the Normal this morning is reported at \$68.

Robert Wimbish left today for a business trip to Hugo and Antlers.

Fresh picked dewberries for sale by W. S. Kerr. Phone 220. Get your order in early. 6-9-2t

Mrs. S. F. Whitman of Stillwater is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. L. Huber and husband.

F. J. Merritt, one of Roffs most prominent business men was in the city on business today.

J. U. Criswell went to Konawa yesterday to embalm the body of a negro who was killed in a fight there yesterday.

The W. O. W. meets in regular session tonight. Business of importance is to be transacted and a full attendance is urged.

Walter Brown, Ed Gwin and C. H. Rives made up a merry party going to Okmulgee on the Frisco yesterday afternoon.

E. J. Lenartz of the Katy office force, went to Missouri Saturday afternoon with his wife. He returned Monday but she will visit there for a while.

Mrs. T. C. Bond has received a telegram stating that her brother, Reuben C. Laxton, had arrived in New York from overseas with the Thirty-sixth Division.

Miss Martha Porter, who has been teaching for the past two years in Oklahoma City, came in last night to do some post graduate work at the Normal school this summer.

Mrs. P. S. Case and daughters, Ruth and Pat Sloan, are down from Maud looking for a house in which to make their home. Mr. Case was recently made vice-president of the Ada M. & P. bank.

The L. of J. are called to meet at the Christian church at 1:30 p. m. At this meeting a picture of the organization will be made and they will be taken out for a hike. All members are urged to be present.

T. J. Chambliss and N. E. Chambliss, who have been visiting here from Portland, Oregon, for some time went to Ravia this afternoon on business.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Scarborough announce the arrival of a bouncing baby girl at their home on yesterday, whom they have christened Mary Betty.

Mrs. L. E. Smathers and daughter Gwendolyn, are visiting the former's parents in Roff this week.

F. R. Morgan of Hugo, is in the city today looking after the building of some resident property.

G. M. Ramsey, who was at one time a prominent business man of this city, came in from Miami today to look after his interests at this place and to see his many friends.

Children that are affected by worms are pale and sickly and liable to contract some fatal disease. WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE expels worms promptly and puts the child on the road to health. Price 30c per bottle. Sold by Bart Smith. (Adv.)

Constable Walter Goyns and Deputy Sheriff H. R. Whitson discovered a miniature still at the brick plant Saturday night. They arrested Tom Blythe, a negro, who was tried by County Judge Busby, given a fine of \$50 and a term of thirty days in jail.

When food gives you distress you need a dose of Prickly Ash Bitters to relieve the stomach and help digestion. It is a fine stomach and bowel purifier. Price \$1.25 per bottle. Gwin & Mays Drug Co., Special Agents. (Adv.)

A message has been received by Mrs. F. M. Wood that her husband, Sergt. F. M. Wood has arrived safely at Newport News, Va. He has been serving in the army of occupation with the famous 90th Division. Mrs. Wood is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Mount and her sister, Mrs. W. T. Shelton awaiting her husband's arrival.

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

Misses Lucile Griffith and Ruby Gay left this morning for Dallas, Texas, where they went to attend the Southern Methodist University during the summer semester.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Templeton went to Sulphur this afternoon to accompany their little son home, who has been attending school at that place the past year.

Mrs. L. M. Templeton and little son returned to their home in Ardmore this afternoon accompanied by her sister-in-law, Mrs. H. H. Coplin and little daughter, Merle whose guests they have been for several days.

Miss Barrow will present her pupils of Expression in a closing recital to be given at the First Christian church Tuesday evening at 8:30. The public cordially invited. 6-9-2t

W. J. Bumpers is planning the erection of a brick bungalow on East Main street. Mr. Bumper tells the reporter that one can't go wrong by investing in property in Ada, that it is a coming city of this state and one with a natural growth. He also states that real estate has trebled in value within the last five or six years.

Harry Gutches left this morning for Portales, N. M., in the interests of the Nu-Mex Oil company, of which Mr. Gutches is field man. This company is comprised of about fifty citizens of this city, having recently purchased 20,000 acres of land in New Mexico from which they are expecting some gigantic operations, not only in the way of leases, but also in bringing in some bumper wells.

W. H. Ledbetter of Louisiana is visiting his son, P. R. Ledbetter, and family. Mr. Ledbetter has reached the soliloquy of life and though his brow is tinged with the frost of eighty-five winters, he is still active and young in spirit. It is his first visit to Oklahoma, and he is highly pleased with the country, having also visited with one of his daughters, who has charge of the music department of the high school at Davis.

It was the reporter's intentions to feature Automobile Activities in this issue of the News, but on beginning a quest for this particular phase of information early this morning while the dew was still on the roses, it was her pleasure to call upon some two or three hundred of the most prominent garages of this city, but being told in turn by each manager or an employee they knew nothing worthy of publication, until at last almost sick with disappointment for the lack of something to write about her tagged spirits were cheered when the manager of the Ford Garage assured her of a long list of sales, just as soon as the reapers bring in their harvest of wheat and oats. Do you suppose they really will be sold just like retailers buy bananas—in bunches? I wouldn't be surprised would you?

Clown and Pantaloon.

According to a little book on symbolism which Lady Glenconner had privately printed for her friends, the harlequinade is of sacred origin: The ordeals through which the harlequin (who is the Unknown) and columbine (the Soul) pass are the tribulations of the spirits in the material phase of existence. The clown represents the world and the pantaloon and alms all over the country are unaware of this.

Horse Is Deceived.

A horse sees everything about 22 per cent larger than does a man. So that a six-foot man looms up a little short of seven feet six inches high. The fact has, of course, never been proved, but a favorite explanation of the large image in a horse's eye is that if a horse knew man's exact size he would realize his power and pass beyond his control.

The Sunday School Convention.

The Pontotoc County Sunday School Convention will last only one day it begins at 9 o'clock Thursday morning, June 12, and closes that afternoon at 5 P. M. Bring your basket of dinner and come. Coffee will be furnished free. The ladies of the Baptist church are preparing the tables and dishes. Sunday school workers from the different churches will greet you. Pontotoc county can be made a front rank county, with trained teachers in every school—WE NEED YOU—COME.

Let a Want Ad sell it for you.

TO-DAY LIBERTY TO-DAY

GEO. M. HALL
Presents

Miss Margaret Lillie

AND
"HER SHOW GIRLS"
Entire Change of Program Every Day

PICTURE PROGRAM:

Metro Picture Corporation Presents

VIOLA DANA—in

"FALSE EVIDENCE"

A FIVE-ACT METRO DRAMA OF THE REDWOODS

The Astrologer.

An astrologer, who was famed for his great learning and his knowledge of the stars, went out for a walk. As he walked, all the time looking up at the sky, he said to himself: "Oh, how much wiser am I than most men. All the secrets of the stars are known to me. I read them as other men read books." Thus speaking, he came to a well, but, being far too busy praising his own cleverness to notice it, he tripped and fell in headlong, and there he had to stay until his servant, hearing his cries, came and pulled him out.—Aesop's Fables.

New Water Power.

A new use of ocean water power has been perfected by an Englishman. He catches water when the tide rises and makes it operate turbine engines when the tide falls. Thus he obtains a perpetual water power, as the tide always ebbs and flows.

Law and the Successful Life.

There is something servile in the habit of seeking after a law which we may obey. We may study the law of matter and for our convenience, but a successful life knows no law.—Thoreau.

Forecast of the Future.

It will be a great day when wireless telephony is so perfected that a man can have a receiver in his hat and be managed by his wife all the time.—Chicago News.

Without Hindrance.

The real democratic American idea is, not that every man shall be on a level with every other, but that everyone shall have liberty, without hindrance, to be what God made him.—Seecher.

Vox Populi, Vox Dei.

This is a very ancient saying and means "The voice of the people is the voice of God." It can be traced back through Latin to Greek. It is found first in a work on morals, by the Greek poet, Hesiod, who lived about the eighth century before Christ.

The Sayings of Shinbone.

"Ah done heard Brudder Jones prayin' las' night to be delivered from his 'upsettin' sins,'" remarked Shinbone, "an' Ah reckon he mus' hab referred to de sin of 'toxication.'"—Boston Transcript.

Rain by X-Ray.

An Australian inventor has patented a method for producing rain by raising large X-ray bulbs by balloons into higher strata of air that are filled with moisture.

Let a Want Ad get it for you.



TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR SALE—Large fancy mammoth dewberries. Now ready for canning and preserving. Phone your order quick. 118-J. 6-10-3t

Korean Women Independent.

Korean women are no longer slaves of their husbands, but are ready to assert their rights. Many of them no longer depend on their husbands for support as of old, but try to obtain their own living in various branches of industry.

When potatoes sprout in the cellar dip each in boiling water for a minute.

Furniture can be cleaned by rubbing with oiled cotton waste, then dry flannel.



Take Your
Eye Trouble
To

COON
JEWELER
AND
OPTOMETRIST



Do Your Feet Feel Good?

They will if you treat them right.

As the first sign of trouble, let our trained foot expert examine them and see if your shoes fit. Most foot troubles are caused by wearing the wrong shoes. You can wear the daintiest shoes and still be comfortable if the shoes are fitted right.

IF YOU ALREADY HAVE FOOT TROUBLES
WE CAN RELIEVE THEM WITH

WIZARD

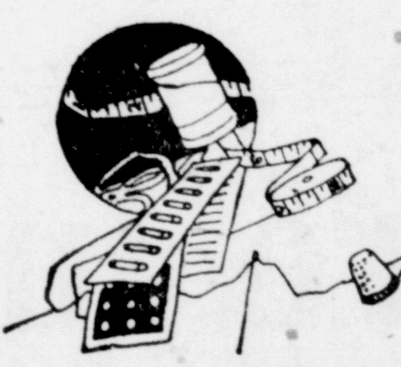
System of Foot Correction.



Moser's Dept. Store

NOTIONS

See Our Window Display of Useful Items



Art Notions

Crochet Needles,
10c

Crochet Thread,
10c and 15c

San Silk,
2 for 15c

Tatting Thread,
5c to 40c

Sewing Thread,
5c

Knitting Cotton,
10c

Embroidery Floss,
5c to 7c

Embroidery Hoops,
10c to 25c

Shell Hair Pins.....10c to 25c

Wire Hair Pins.....5c to 15c

Tooth Brushes.....5c to 35c

Combs.....10c to \$1.00

Hair Brushes.....60c to \$2.50

Powder Puffs.....10c to 25c

Purses and Bags.....65c to \$6

Hair Curlers.....5 for 25c

Hair Wavers.....4 for 10c

Safety Pins, card.....5c to 15c

Dress Pins, pkg.....5c to 10c

Hair Nets, each.....10c

Elastic, yd.....5c to 60c

Fancy Beads.....25c to \$2.50

Woodbury's, Cuticura, Pack-

er's Tar, Cashmere Bou-

quet.....25c

Big assortment of Soap.....

.....5c, 7c and 10c

Talcum — Colgate's, Jergen's,

large size.....19c

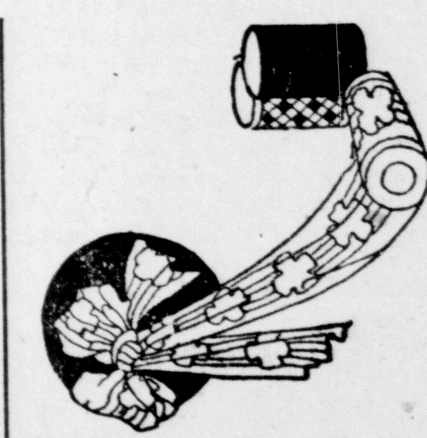
Big assortment of Talcum

for.....10c and 15c

Cold and Vanishing Creams,

at.....25c and 35c

Face Powders.....10c to 50c



Dress Trimmings

Stickerei Braids,
10c

Novelty Braids,
10c to 25c

Belting, Yard,
10c to 35c

Pearl Buttons, Doz.,
5c to \$1.50

Fancy Buttons, Doz.,
25c to \$1.50

Ribbons, Yd.,
10c to \$1.50

Laces, Yd.,
5c to 40c

Shaw's

DEPARTMENT STORE

S.M. SHAW, PROP.

PHONE 77

Established in 1902

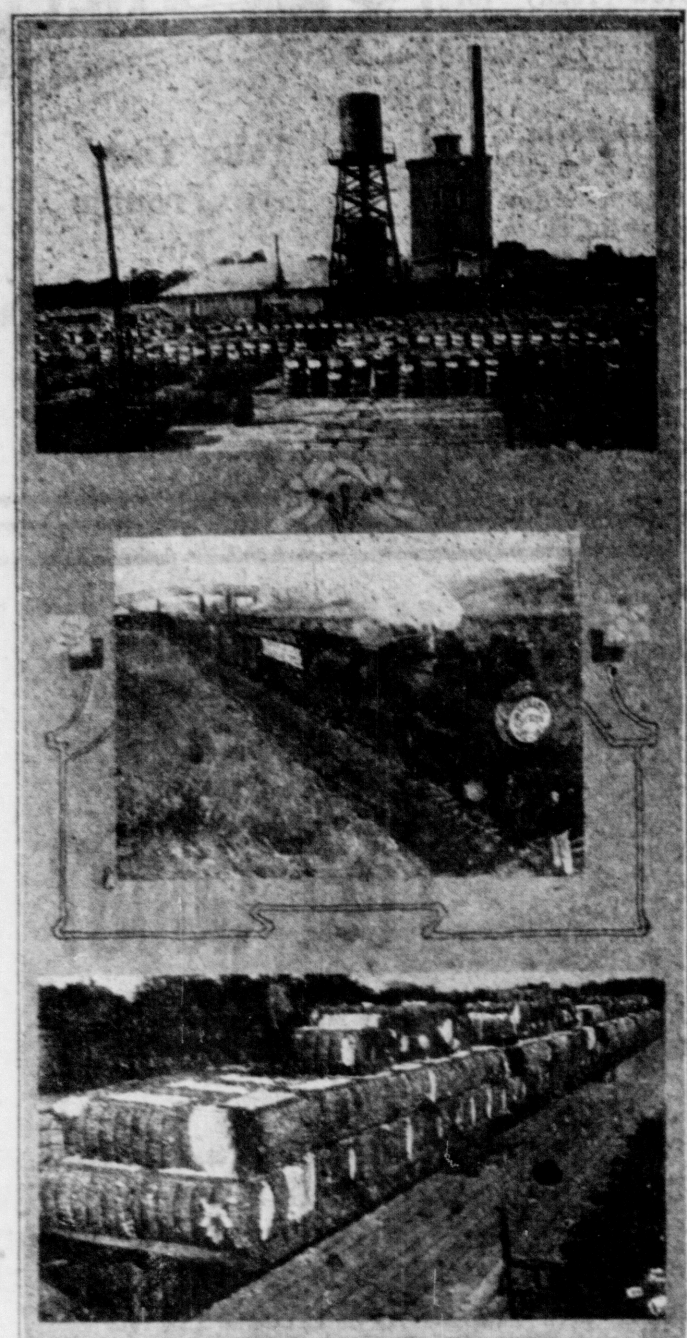
ADA, OKLA.

Why Not Live in Oklahoma

advertising will be charged at the rate of one cent per insertion, with a minimum of five insertions.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Modern house, 922 E. Main. Inquire Shelton Undertaking Co.



PONTOTOC COUNTY COTTON READY FOR MARKET

The City of Ada

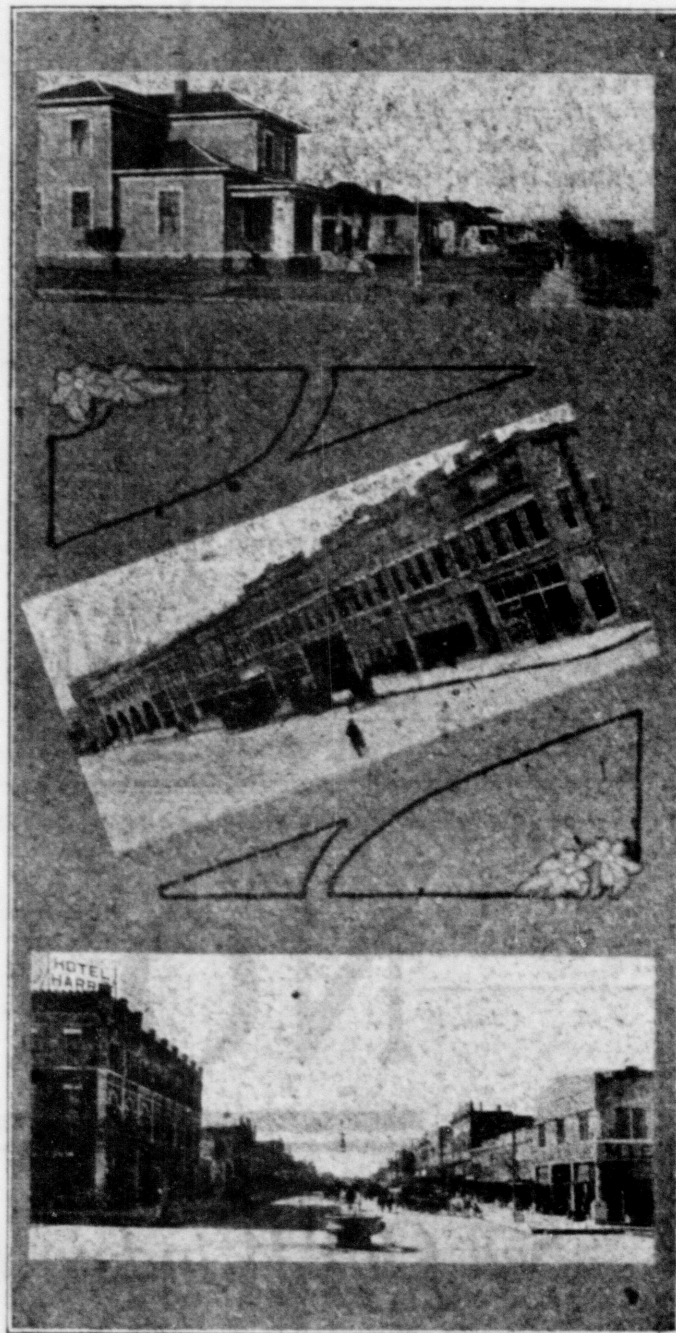
JUST A FEW REALITIES:

Population 12,000.
High School and four Ward Schools.
East Central State Normal, second largest attendance of the six State Normals of Oklahoma.
Nine churches.
A large and modern Green House.
Oklahoma Portland Cement company's Plant and General Offices.
Cotton Oil Mill, Five Gins and Compress.
300 barrel Flour Mill and 25,000 bushel elevator.
Fifty ton Ice Factory and Cold Storage.
Ice Cream Factory and Creamery.
Three Railroads, Frisco, M. K. & T., and Santa Fe.
Fifty-five Retail Stores. Bottling Works.
Asphalt Mill for crushing rock asphalt mined within a mile of the city limits.
Three Wholesale Grocery Firms.
Brick and Tile Works.
One Daily Newspaper, Three Weeklies and two Bi-Monthlies.
Gas for fuel and lights for residences and industries.
Paved Streets and Concrete Walks.
Steam Laundry.
Large deposits of Glass Sand, Potter's Clay and Shale.
Electric Light and Power Plant.
Several Oil Wells of moderate yield and others drilling.
Four banks, two National and two State.
A one-hundred thousand dollar hotel.
Effective Fire Department with two Auto Trucks.
Spacious Fair Grounds with magnificent Race Track and Buildings.
Unlimited supply of best Spring water.
"Rich" Cut Glass and Illuminating Glass Factory, producing 1000 different patterns.
Chamber of Commerce owns Industrial Site, served by joint lead track owned and operated by all railroads. Free sites to manufacturers.
Machine Shops, Garages, Bakeries, Plumbing Establishments, Lumber Yards and other lines of business usually found in cities of this size.

Where Wheat, Corn and Cotton Grow in the Same Field; Where Cattle in Great Herds Graze Upon a Thousand Hills; Where the Oil Spouts From the Earth in Many Valleys, and the People and Banks Have Money to Burn!

THE CITY OF ADA

Is the Railroad, Industrial and Educational Center of Southern Oklahoma and the County Seat of Pontotoc County.



STREET SCENES IN ADA

ADA has the largest cement manufacturing plant in the world; one of the largest glass manufacturing plants in America; three main lines of railroad; cotton oil mill; compress; ice plant; gins; stores; garages and other lines of business galore. BUT THERE IS ROOM FOR MORE!

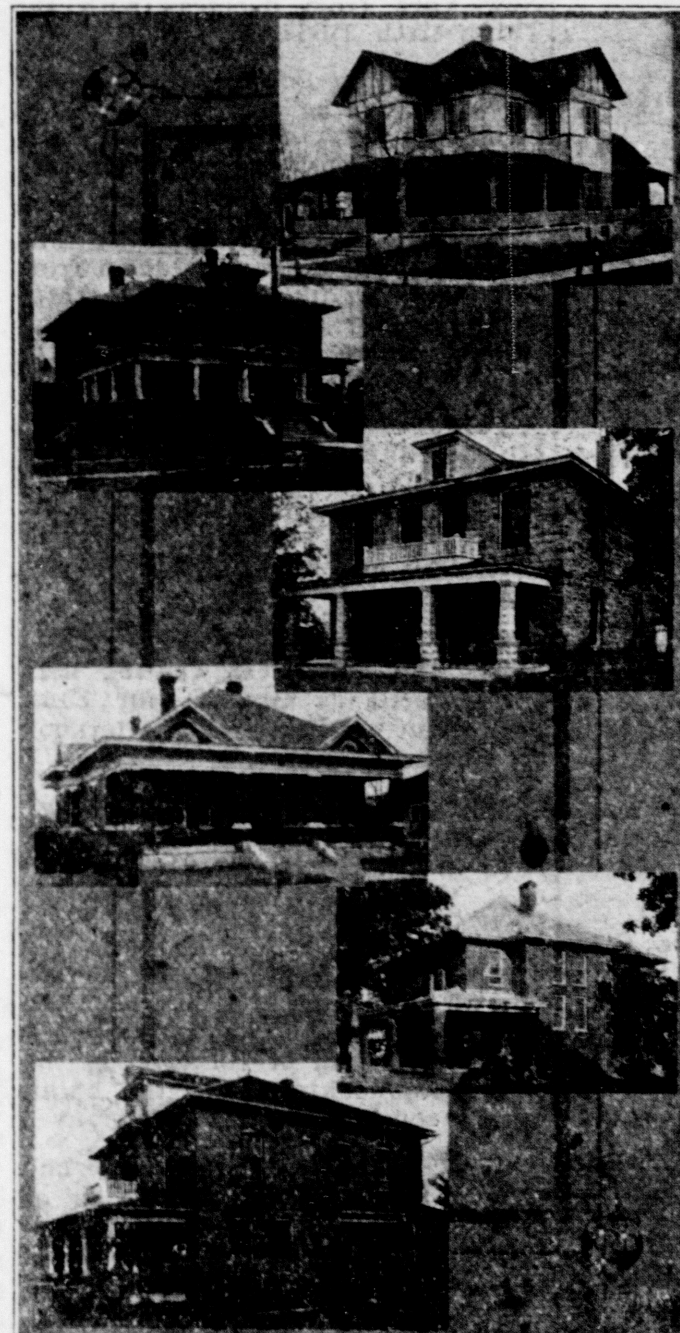
The city gets its water supply from an artesian spring which bubbles in all its purity from the mountain side twelve miles away, which makes it one of the healthiest cities in the whole state of Oklahoma.

In close proximity to the city is an inexhaustible supply of natural gas; oil wells are being brought in daily; we have glass sand, lime, brick and cement shale to last for generations, and a great deposit of asphalt for paving and other purposes.

Ada has the East Central State Normal, one of the best educational institutions to be found anywhere, high school, four ward schools and bonds voted for another. Practically all the religious denominations are represented and the moral atmosphere is all that could possibly be desired. We have a modern hospital and all other conveniences found in any up-to-date city and it was all acquired in the short span of eighteen years.

Ada is the county seat of Pontotoc county, one of the richest agricultural and mineral counties in the state, and ere long is to erect a county court house second to none in the state.

Providence has smiled abundantly and profusely upon this section, and nature has provided us with every natural resource that man could desire.



TYPICAL ADA RESIDENCES



AMERICAN OIL & REFINING CO. WELL NO. 1 (HAMPTON FARM) AND SAME WELL ON FIRE.

Pontotoc County Agriculturally Speaking

Pontotoc County, of which Ada is the County Seat, is the most diversified county in the State agriculturally. The rainfall is around thirty-five inches a year. Corn grows from thirty to sixty bushels an acre. Cotton averages more than a half bale to the acre and the maximum yield of the state in 1915 was near Ada. Peanuts, Sweet Clover, Alfalfa, Sorghum, Kafir Corn, Milo Maize, Sudan, Millet, Fruits, Garden Crops, Water Melons, Cantaloupes, and a host of other crops thrive. The northern part of the county is composed of a sandy loam, suitable for Sweet Potatoes, Peanuts, Cotton and Millet. From Ada south is black land for Corn, Cotton and the various pasture grasses. In the extreme southern part are rolling prairies which have never been broken. Here the finest ranches in the state can be found.

The livestock industry is improving. More than five hundred head of registered cattle have been brought into the county within the last six months. Registered hogs are numerous. Home-owners are out of debt and prosperous.

The poultry products of the county alone each year run close to \$1,000,000.

Much of the land is for sale at a fair price. For the man of moderate means looking for a larger farm or for an opportunity to deal in livestock, this county offers wonderful opportunities.



SOURCE OF ADA'S WATER SUPPLY

More Industries Needed!

AND because more industries are needed this page in the News is addressed to the stranger in other states. The News finds its way to the congested centers of the East, and it is to the manufacturers of the East that we are turning in an effort to arouse them to the wonderful opportunities awaiting them in God's great outdoors in Oklahoma, the most lavishly blessed state in the Union for natural resources and opportunities.

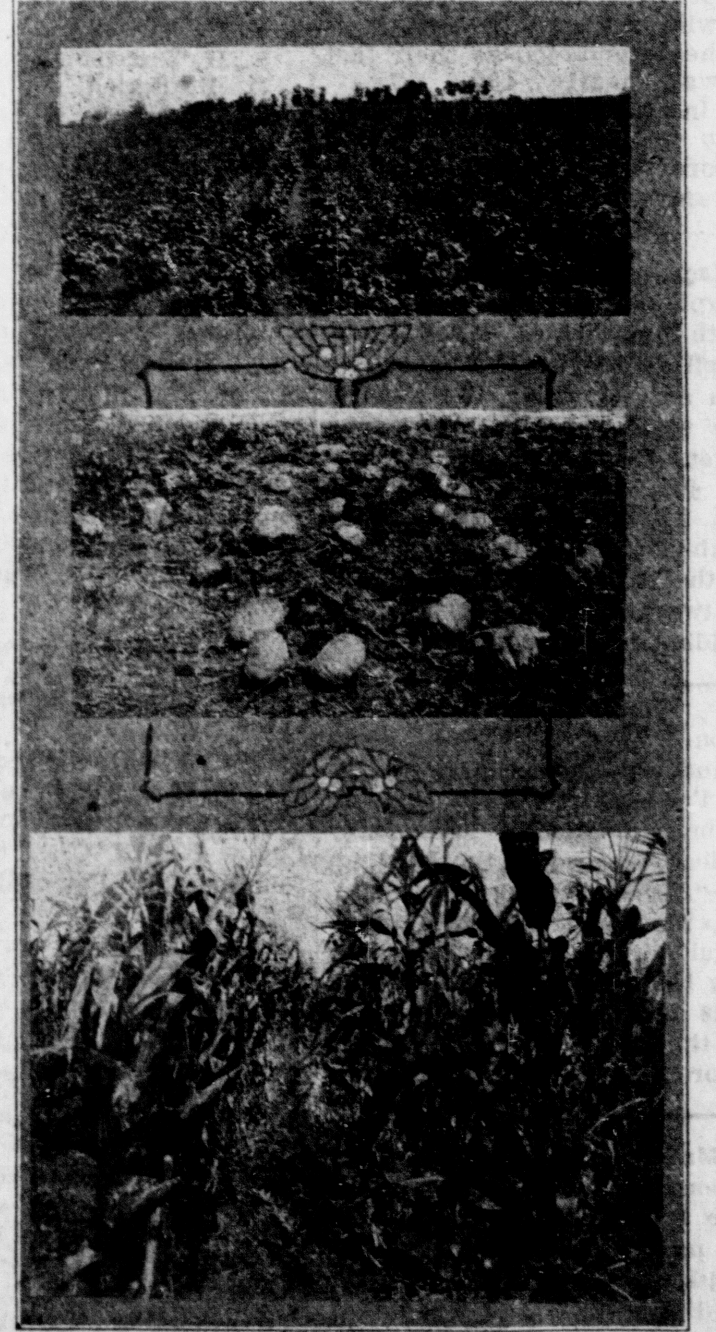
We need cotton mills; shoe factories; shirt and overall factories; harness factories; packing houses; smelters, and a dozen and one other factories and industrial institutions that appreciate being close to the raw material, appreciate the advantages of natural gas at cheap rates for fuel, and where labor can be had at reasonable rates.

Why not leave the maddening throngs of the congested centers? Why not come where the turmoil and strife of labor wars are unknown? Why not get in touch with the wide, wide world, where people breathe easy and enjoy the bounties of life as God intended they should?

Ada has factory sites to give away to the right kind of industries; we have propositions to offer men in every line of business and in all walks of life; we welcome competition, rather than fear it, and the latch string is always on the outside.

Ada has a Lions' Club and a live Chamber of Commerce with a paid secretary, whose duty it is to inform you of all the facts you would naturally like to have were you seeking a new location. If you want more information about this city, county and state, write the secretary, Mr. O. N. Walker, and the information will be forthcoming. Do it today, lest you forget!

Remember Ada, The "Double A" City!



AGRICULTURE IN PONTOTOC COUNTY

Drink
Coca-Cola
DELICIOUS and REFRESHING

The taste is the test of Coca-Cola quality. The flavor is the quality itself.

Nobody has ever been able to successfully imitate it, because its quality is indelibly registered in the taste of the American public.

Demand the genuine by full name—nicknames encourage substitution.

THE COCA-COLA CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

Sold Everywhere

HIGHWAY CONVENTION OPENS IN ARDMORE

By the Associated Press
ARDMORE, Okla., June 10.—Thirty-one cities of Texas, Oklahoma, Colorado and Kansas are represented in the Dallas-Canadian-Denver Highway Association convention which opened in Convention Hall here today.

Mayor W. F. Freeman and G. A. Ramsey, president of the Carter County Good Roads Association, will make the address of welcome. The response for the visiting delegates will be made by Allyn Cole, speaker of the house of representatives of the Colorado state legislature. Other speakers during the two days of the convention will be: Governor J. B. A. Robertson of Oklahoma, S. L. Williams of Lima, Ohio, president of the Highway Industrial Association of the United States, F. M. Bralley, president of the College of Industrial Arts, Denton, Texas, Arthur P. Dyer and C. S. Franklin, Dallas, Texas, Judge Ed Vaught of Oklahoma City and Henry Wood, Oklahoma State Highway commissioner. W. A. Palmer, secretary and general manager of the association, is manager of make a report on his recent trip over the proposed course of the highway.

The majority of the delegates attending the convention came from their home cities in automobiles over the route selected for the highway. They were met at the Carter County line by the "booster" club of the Ardmore Chamber of Commerce and brought by way of the oil fields to the city.

The cities represented at the convention are: Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Rocky Ford, La Junta, Las Animas, Lamar and Springfield, Colorado; Elkhart, Kansas; Ochiltree, Canadian, Wheeler, Shamrock, Wellington, Childress, Gainesville, Denton and Dallas, Texas; Guymon, Cheyenne, Clinton, Geary, El Reno, Oklahoma City, Elk City, Hobart, Lawton, Walters, Waurika, Marietta and Ardmore, Oklahoma.

Surgeons agree that in cases of cuts, burns, bruises and wounds, the FIRST TREATMENT is most important. When an EFFICIENT antiseptic is applied promptly, there is no danger of infection and the wound begins to heal at once. For use on man or beast, BOROZONE is the IDEAL ANTISEPTIC and HEALING AGENT. Buy it now and be ready for an emergency. Price 25c, 50c, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Sold by Bart Smith. (Adv.)

Good Roads Meeting.

The Pontotoc County Good Roads Association will meet at the courthouse in Ada, Monday, June 16, 1919, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of arranging to promote a better interest in securing the tuberculosis sanitarium at Roff, and building a splendid road from Ada to Roff. I am going to suggest that the ladies prepare dinner and have a grand picnic while the gentlemen do the work building the connecting link from Webster to a point just east of Lawrence. This to be done on a date fixed by the directors of the good roads association.

DR. OVERTON,
President Good Roads Association.

Billiousness is a condition that breeds disease in the vital organs and ought to be corrected promptly. Prickly Ash Bitters is the true remedy. It vitalizes the blood, drives out impurities in the bowels, makes you feel bright, strong and hearty. Price \$1.25 per bottle.—Gwin & Mays Drug Co., Special Agents. (Adv.)

Justice of the Peace H. J. Brown performed the ceremony last night uniting in marriage Mr. Guy P. Williams and Miss Edna Fine of Fitzhugh. The marriage took place at the judge's office at 8 o'clock. Only a few friends of the young people were present. Mr. and Mrs. Williams are among the most prominent people of Fitzhugh and both have a large number of friends who wish them a merry journey over the sea of life. Mrs. Williams has been teaching in the school at Fitzhugh.

Teething babies always have a hard time of it when this process occurs in hot weather. They not only have to contend with painful gums but the stomach is disordered, bowels loose and the body uncomfortable. The best help you can give the little sufferer is McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR. It corrects sour stomach, cools and quiets the bowels and helps digestion. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Bart Smith. (Adv.)

Community Prayer Meeting. Ham and Ramsey are coming for a co-operative revival meeting. Community Prayer Meetings are being held each Wednesday at 8:30. The meeting as week will be held at the First Presbyterian Church and the topic will be: "The Purpose of Prayer." Do not fail to meet us at this meeting.

YOUR MINISTERS.

AT FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Wednesday evening of this week at 8:30 will be held a Community Prayer Meeting for all the churches and all the people. 6-10-19

Whiten your clothes by boiling a tablespoonful of turpentine with them.

Clinkers can be removed from the stove by oyster shells put on a bright fire.

DON'T SUFFER FROM MALARIA OR AGUE A MINUTE LONGER

SWAMP CHILL AND FEVER
Tonic WILL BRING YOU
QUICK, SURE RELIEF.

For twenty years this famous tonic has been the one effective remedy for malaria, chills, ague, fever, colds, grippe, etc. Thousands swear by it.

It seldom takes over three days to break up malaria chills with Swamp Chill and Fever Tonic. And no purgative has to be taken with it—the medicine itself acts gently and agreeably upon the liver and tages it has over other chill tonics. Swamp Chill Tonic contains no calomel. It is tasteless, and pleasant to take. It is prescribed by leading physicians as the best chill and fever remedy there is. That's because it contains exactly the right ingredients for such ailments. Swamp Chill and Fever Tonic has given such universal satisfaction and has grown so steadily in popularity that it can now be purchased practically everywhere. The price is 60 cents a bottle. Go get one from your dealer today, and see for yourself what a really wonderful malaria remedy this tonic is.—Adv.

FOLKS WE ALL KNOW



He views with Alarm, does the Croaker. The Gurnment ain't bein' Run to Suit him, the Young Generation is Plum Wuthless, times ain't What they Wuz, and even the Weather hez Gone to the Bad. If he gets to Heaven, the Croaker will Kick because his Harp isn't a Self-Player.

If you have the Itch, don't scratch. It does not cure the trouble and makes the skin bleed. Apply BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. Rub it in gently on the affected parts. It relieves itching instantly and a few applications removes the cause thus performing a permanent cure. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Bart Smith. (Adv.)

Don't forget where to get your oil and gas leases, assignments, releases, etc. Ada News office.

Plenty of full blood departmental oil and gas leases at the News office. 4-30-19

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

Is Your House Fan-cooled?

Forget it's hot!
Home is the best place
to keep cool—if home
includes an electric fan.

Put an Emerson
fan by your favorite
chair—set it to blow
just where you like it—
you will have com-
fort and relief from
heat at a touch of
the switch.

Try an Emerson—
they're different.

Get Yours Now! Come in or telephone

Ada Electric & Gas Co.
119 South Broadway
Phone 70

EVENTUALLY— WHY NOT NOW

It's just a matter of time when you will learn that a suit of clothes made to your individual measure will fit and look better than one blocked out to fit the long, the short, the fat and the lean. Fourteen years experience with the tape line has convinced me of this fact and I can convince you on the first trial. Besides, remember being tailored by Bailey means tailored right. For cleaning, dyeing and pressing I have all the latest equipment and a man for that purpose who knows his business. Now I haven't time to write these ads every day so come on and let's get acquainted.

A. M. BAILEY,
The City Tailor.
121 South Broadway.
I call for and deliver. Phone 444;
that's easy to remember—three
fours. 6-9-21

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

I've had to renounce some
of life's greatest joys
But sacrifice brings a
reaction.
I rather enjoy feeling
rather and strong—
Renouncing is some
satisfaction.



Horrors of Bad Blood

"All maladies of racking torture, quins, joint racking rheums, fierce catarrhs, intestine stone and ulcer, cholera pangs, marasmus, dropsies, asthmas, pining atrophy, moping melancholia, moonstruck madness, what miseries?"—Milton.

This is the state of man or woman suffering from poisoned blood. Read what the U. S. Dispensary and other authoritative books say in regard to the ingredients entering into "Number 40 For the Blood": "Employed in diseases of the glandular system, in blood poison, mercurial and lead poisoning, rheumatism, catarrh, constipation, diseased liver, kidneys and spleen. Under its use nodes, tumors, sores, ulcers, mucous patches, copper colored spots and scrofulous enlargements disappear as if by magic." Insist on "Number 40," made by J. C. Mendenhall, Evansville, Ind., 40 years a druggist.

Sold by Gwin & Mays Drug Co.

COMMUNITY PRAYER MEETING Wednesday evening of this week at 8:30 at the First Presbyterian church. Let all the people attend. 6-10-19

Frequent cultivation is a very important factor in the making of a garden.

Cook seedless raisins with apple sauce and it will require less sweetening.

S. O. S.

FRIENDS AND PATRONS:

The statements I have made show you that some of my troubles result from the demand of ice delivery in such small quantities, that the price we get does not pay for the service—you want your ice delivered by noon, which means that we must have enough delivery outfits to cover the entire city in the forenoon, thus doubling the quantity that would be needed if the deliveries were distributed throughout the day, and doubling the cost of service.

The Government Food Administration, after investigating these matters, recommended the elimination of number of wasteful methods in order to avoid the necessity of increasing the price of ice, especially to working people and small consumers. These recommendations will work to your benefit, and among them are these:

That ice be distributed upon coupons to all customers as nearly as possible.

That a large part of the small sales be made from local ice boxes, or at the wagon instead of attempting delivery into houses.

These rules enable them to maintain service, and give good values, and benefits the customer, and are based upon years of experience of the people in the industry.

Also, special deliveries to residences which cost always more than the amount realized from the sale are entirely discontinued except in case of sickness.

This is the help we ask of you now: namely, BUY COUPONS, and for minimum quantities of 25 pounds—as much more as you can afford.

Ada Ice &
Cold Storage Co.

News Wants

Classified advertising will be charged for at the rate of one cent per word each insertion, with a minimum charge of 15c for first insertion. The little want adv. is the biggest puller in the world for securing help, selling anything you may want to sell, renting out your property, securing rooms, etc., and gets results immediately.

LOST

LOST—Rim and 34x4 tire. Return to M. R. Chilcutt and receive reward. 6-9-31

LOST—About ten days ago, belt to lady's plaid skirt. Finder please return to Nagle, the tailor, and receive reward. Phone 26. 6-9-21

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—Railroad claim blanks. The Ada News.

WE MOVE HOUSES—Well equipped to move any kind and size of house. Satisfaction guaranteed.—Scarborough & Matherly. Phone 684. 5-24-19mo

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Housekeeping rooms. 211 West 14th. 6-7-21

FOR RENT—5 room house, sleeping porch, barn, 621 West 9th St. 5-27-19

FOR RENT—Southeast front room, bath adjoining; private home. Phone 303. 6-2-19

FOR RENT—Unfurnished, two rooms with bath. 214 East Fifteenth. 6-5-19

FOR RENT—Two room house near glass factory.—Harvey Luther. Phone 295. 6-9-31*

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished, two rooms with bath. 214 East Fifteenth. 6-5-19

FOR SALE—Leaving town. Must sell quick my Buick Roadster. Electric lights and starter. Good running shape. \$225. Call Grimm, 127. 6-10-21*

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Piano for \$100. Perfect condition. Cost \$400. Call 530-J. 6-9-31*

FOR SALE—5 room modern house, \$2000.00; five hundred cash balance easy.—W. E. Scott, Snow White Barber Shop. 6-10-31

Lodges

I. O. O. F.
Ada Lodge No. 146, I. O. O. F.
Regular meeting every Thursday night.
R. T. SNEED, N. G.
H. C. EVANS, Secretary.

A. F. & A. M.
Regular meeting of Ada Lodge No. 119, Monday night on or before the full moon in each month.
MILES GRIGSBY, W. M.
F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

R. A. M.
Ada Chapter No. 26, Royal Arch Masons, meets the second Tuesday night in each month.
D. W. SWAFFAR, H. P.
F. C. SIMS, Secretary.

K. T. M.
Ada Commandery No. 16 Knights Templar Masons meets the third Friday of each month.
C. G. BRADFORD, E. C.
F. C. SIMS, Recorder.

W. O. W.
Ada Camp No. 568 meets every Tuesday night, I. O. O. F. Hall, 7:30 o'clock.
HUGH BENNETT, C. C.
C. E. CUNNING, Clerk.

ADA TRAIN SCHEDULE

M. K. & T. Railway
EAST
No. 20—Lv. Daily ---- 11:20 A. M.
No. 16—Lv. Daily ---- 10:15 P. M.
WEST
No. 19—Ar. Daily ---- 4:10 P. M.
No. 15—Ar. Daily ---- 4:55 A. M.

Santa Fe Railroad
EAST
No. 450—Lv. Daily ---- 3:30 P. M.
No. 446—Ar. Daily ---- 1:50 P. M.
WEST
No. 449—Lv. Daily ---- 11:00 A. M.
No. 445—Lv. Daily ---- 3:00 P. M.

Frisco Railroad.
NORTH
No. 118—Lv. Daily ---- 4:00 A. M.
No. 510—Lv. Daily ---- 11:38 A. M.
No. 512—Lv. Daily ---- 4:45 P. M.
(Leaves from here.)
SOUTH
No. 511—Ar. Daily ---- 1:55 P. M.
No. 117—Ar. Daily ---- 11:49 P. M.
No. 507—Ar. Daily ---- 7:10 P. M.
(Stops here.)

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

News Wants

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Modern house, 922 E. Main. Inquire Shelton Undertaking Co.

FOR SALE—My five room residence, corner Sixth and Cherry.—T. W. Brydla. 11

FOR SALE—Last year's alfalfa hay, No. 1 grade; weight 72 lbs. per bale.—Ada Ice and Cold Storage. 5-13-19

FOR SALE—All my purebred Silver Wyandotte chickens. This includes some of the best birds in the state. None better anywhere.—Reuben M. Roddie. 6-6-19

FOR SALE—County blue print maps, oil lease blanks, departmental leases, commercial and departmental guardian leases.—Ada News. 5-27-19

FOR SALE AT REASONABLE PRICES: 4-room house, plastered; near normal; gas; garden; immediate possession; 821 E. 7th. 12-room modern house, 401 W. 13th; immediate possession. 8-room modern house, close in. 3-room modern house, close in. See MISS DOBBINS, 111 North Broadway. Office Phone 462; Residence, 586. (6-6-41*)

WANTED

WANTED—Four or five laborers, corner 17th and Broadway tomorrow morning. 6-9-19

WANTED—Your suit to clean and press for \$1.50.—Smathers Cleaning Works. Phone 437. 5-2-19

WANTED—Girl to work for board while working or going to school. Apply at 123 South Hope. 6-3-19

WANTED—Rugs and good furniture by private parties. Write "D" care of News office. 6-7-31*

WANTED—At once, a cook, white woman preferred. Apply in person at Commercial Hotel. 6-7-31

WANTED—Second hand clothing, shoes, hats. Pay highest prices. We call. Hometown Clothing Co. Phone 806. 6-4-19mo

FOR SALE—Two corner lots, West 17th street; fine location—the best in city at the price. Phone 732. 6-5-19

WANTED—100 head of stock to pasture. Yearlings and under, \$2.00 over. \$3.00 per month.—W. S. Roddie, 630 W. 1st. Phone 28. 6-7-41*

FOR SALE—Piano for \$100. Perfect condition. Cost \$400. Call 530-J. 6-9-31*

FOR SALE—5 room modern house, \$2000.00; five hundred cash balance easy.—W. E. Scott, Snow White Barber Shop. 6-10-31

Professional

Louis D. Abney, Lowrey H. Harrell
ABNEY & HARRELL
LAWYERS
Phone 1. 106 1/2 East Main
Ada, Oklahoma

DR. M. J. BEETS
Osteopathic Physician
Treats both acute and chronic diseases. Calls day or night. Also have installed Sulphur Vapor Baths. Consultation and Examination Free.
Phone 732
Office Over First National Bank

Office Phone 1 Res. Phone 320
ISHAM L. CUMMINGS
Physician and Surgeon
X-Ray and Electro-Therapy Laboratory
Office Just East of M. & P. Bank

T. H. Granger Ed Granger
Phone 259 Phone 477
GRANGER & GRANGER
Dentists
Phone 212
Norris-Haney Building
1st Stairway West of Rollway's Corner

F. C. SIMS
Real Estate, Fire and Tornado Insurance—Farm and City Loans
A share of your patronage is solicited and will receive prompt attention
Office in I. O. O. F. Building

Office Phone 886. Res. Phone 332
DR. F. R. LAIRD
DENTIST
Office First National Bank Bldg.
Ada, Okla.

DR. C. A. THOMAS
VETERINARY SURGEON
Office at Hospital
Phones: Residence 241.

DOCTOR MORRISON
CHIROPRACTOR
Consultations and Examinations Free
Phone 85. 113 1-2 W. 12th St.
Ada, Oklahoma

C. A. CUMMINS
Undertaker
Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Director. First Class Ambulance Service.
203 East Main. Phone 692.

Arden L. Bullock Chas. L. Orr
BULLOCK AND ORR
LAWYERS
Phone 51. First National Bank Bldg.
Ada, Oklahoma.

Methodist Membership Drive.

The congregation of the First Methodist church has decided to put on a June Drive for new members with a view of taking in a new member for every day of the month. During the month including Decision Day this congregation took in to its fellowship new members to the extent of above thirty.

The Co-operative Revival will begin July the first and then people will be joining the church by the scores and probably by the hundreds. Before that time we want

to reach our people in the city who are anxious at this time for membership in the church of their choice.

Phone the pastor and have him call and discuss your church relations with you. His phone number is 622 and he is ready to serve you at all hours. Any member who knows a Methodist living in the city and yet who is not affiliated with the local congregation, will call the Pastor's attention to same, and oblige.

WALLACE M. CRUTCHFIELD, Pastor.



Deposit Your Harvest Money

—in a bank that offers the depositor the same thing he has to put up when he borrows at the bank, to-wit: SECURITY.

A State Bank's deposits are guaranteed by the State guaranty fund. You can't lose here, even if failure wipes out the bank.

The Guaranty State Bank of Ada

CAPITAL \$25,000.00

Clyde C. Randel, President; E. J. Mallory, Vice President; J. A. Smith, Cashier

SPECIAL!

Monday to Saturday at The Liberty Meat Markets

218 WEST MAIN
Phone 925

322 EAST MAIN
Phone 927

GOOD ROAST 15c
GOOD STEW 10c

GOOD STEAK 20c
CHILI MEAT 10c

HAMBURGER 10c

Plenty of MEATS at all times

MEAT LIBERTY MEAT



SHIRTS

Over 100 dozen Men's Shirts, bought at two years ago prices, that are today very exceptional values—in Madras, Percales, Repps, Soisets, etc., woven and printed patterns in both neat or loud designs. Pick a dozen—they're certainly worth more. Each—

\$1.00 and \$1.50

THE Model CLOTHIERS
QUALITY SHOP

Soldiers, Sailors and Marines can now get here affidavit forms and instructions for mileage claims.

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS

MINUTES OF THE PROCEEDINGS
Of the Board of County Commissioners of Pontotoc County, Oklahoma, at the office of the County Clerk of the said county, on Monday, June 2, 1919.

Present: I. R. Gilmore, Chairman; W. H. Brumley, W. H. Brents; M. Garner, County Clerk. The following business was had: The monthly report of Lee Dags, County Treasurer, was approved. The monthly report of A. R. Sugg, County Clerk, was approved. The monthly report of M. Garner, County Clerk, was approved. The monthly report of Bob Duncan, was approved. The monthly report of H. R. Whitson, Deputy Sheriff, was approved. The monthly report of C. W.



Just push back the rugs and start the Victrola

Then—"On with the dance!" That's how easy it is to "put life into the evening" when you have a Victrola. And good dance music is only one of the endless joys it brings.

Have you a Victrola? You can have—on the easiest of terms.

GWIN & MAYS DRUG CO.



1918 in the sum of \$535.12 were ordered stricken from the rolls. B. C. King as attorney for the heirs of Edna Fulson, deceased, on lands in Section 8, Township 4 North and Range 4 East. Taxes for the years 1908 to 1917 in the sum \$1,233.75 were ordered stricken from the rolls.

Lille Johnson, nee Kemp, on lands in Section 31, Township 5 North and Range 4 East. Taxes in the sum of \$86.92 were ordered stricken from the rolls.

Garland Babb, as guardian of Cecil and Addie Babb, minors, on lands in Sections 11 and 13, Township 2 North and Range 6 East. Taxes for the years 1909, 1910 and 1911 in the sum of \$88.73 were ordered stricken from the rolls.

A. H. Constant as agent for Gale Statler, guardian on lands in Section 32, Township 3 North and Range 8 East. Taxes for the year 1918, in the sum of \$26.25, were ordered stricken from the rolls.

Continuation Certificate on bond No. H. O. 305606-17 Oklahoma State Bank of Ada, in the sum of ten thousand dollars, was approved.

Resolution by the Commissioners of Pontotoc County.

Whereas, The Department of Highways of the State of Oklahoma has notified the Board of County Commissioners of Pontotoc County that the sum of Thirty Thousand Nine Hundred Twenty Seven and 65/100 (\$30,927.65) Dollars of Federal Aid Road Fund has been apportioned to said county for expenditure during fiscal year ending June 30, 1920, and

Whereas, it is necessary that this community raise a sum of money equal to the portion of such allotment of Federal Aid Fund (accepted by said County, to be expended in connection with same under the direction of the State Highway Department as authorized by law,

Now, Therefore Be It Resolved by the County Commissioners of Pontotoc County, that the sum of \$30,927.65 secured from the revenue of such county or from other sources, be set aside by said County in connection with such Federal Aid Allotment, under the direction of the Commissioner of Highways of the State of Oklahoma, in accordance with the laws governing his department, on road and bridge construction projects selected by him for such County and approved by the bureau of Public Roads of the United States Department of Agriculture, and

Be It Further Resolved, that so much of the County Road Maintenance Fund of such County as may be necessary to maintain such Federal Aid project in a condition satisfactory to said Commissioner of Highways and Bureau of Public Roads, be and the same is hereby set aside and appropriated to maintain such project in such approved condition, and

Be It Further Resolved, that Pontotoc County does hereby appropriate and set aside from the general revenue fund of such county a sum sufficient to pay expenses of preparing preliminary plans, specifications and all data necessary to submit to the Bureau of Public Roads before approval of such Federal Aid Project is finally granted, and to promptly pay to the Commissioner of Highways his claims for such expense incurred, under the terms of Senate Joint Resolution, No. 17 of the Seventh Legislature of the State of Oklahoma.

Passed and approved this the 2nd day of June, 1919.

I. R. GILMORE, County Commissioner.
W. H. BRENTS, County Commissioner.
W. H. BRUMLEY, County Commissioner.

(SEAL) Attest: M. GARNER, County Clerk.

Resolution.
State of Oklahoma,
County of Pontotoc, ss.

Whereas, Under House Bills numbered 127, 160 and 62, passed by the recent session of the Legislature of the State of Oklahoma, increased the salary of certain officers and certain deputy officers of the County, and

Whereas, By the terms of the bills before recited certain other offices and positions were created, and

Whereas, The laws before recited carried the "Emergency Clause" and became effective immediately after their approval by the Governor, and

Whereas, By the operation of the before mentioned bills a "deficiency" has been created in the several salary funds of the County, and

Whereas, Heretofore, during the present fiscal year funds were de-

rived from the sale of bonds in payment of certain claims upon which judgment was rendered in the District Court of Pontotoc County, and

Whereas, After the judgment was rendered as aforesaid, it was found that certain persons through error had filed duplicating claims, which duplicating claims were included in the judgment as aforesaid, and

Whereas, In writing warrants on the funds derived from the sale of the before mentioned bonds, warrants were not issued for the duplicating claims, and

Whereas, There is now a surplus of funds and money in the fund, or account as aforesaid which was derived from the judgment rendered in the District Court of Pontotoc County, Oklahoma, therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Board of County Commissioners of the County and State aforesaid, when in regular session assembled.

That the Honorable County Attorney of Pontotoc County is hereby instructed and requested to appear before the District Court, and if the same be according to Law, to secure permission from the Honorable District Judge, for the Board of County Commissioners to pay the said deficiency in the several salary funds from the surplus in the funds derived from the judgment rendered, and the sale of bonds which were issued to pay such judgment, such surplus be created by the filing of duplicating claims and interest accruals on the before mentioned bonds.

Passed and approved this the 4th day of June, A. D. 1919.

I. R. GILMORE, Chairman.
W. H. BRUMLEY, Commissioner.
W. H. BRENTS, Commissioner.

(SEAL) Attest: M. GARNER, County Clerk.

The Board took up the matters of Equalization Assessments for the year and continued the matter till Monday, June 9, 1919.

(Signed) I. R. GILMORE, Chairman.

(SEAL) Attest: M. GARNER, County Clerk.

PREDICTS PEACE TREATY SIGNED BY JULY FIRST

By the Associated Press

PARIS, June 10.—Signing of the peace treaty by Germany before July 1st, and its ratification by various parliaments before August 1st is predicted by the Echo de Paris. It expects that an answer to the German counter proposals will be handed over probably Friday. It thinks that the course of the Germans will be to replace the Scheidemann government by another in case the present government determines not to sign the terms as our allies finally present them.

APPROVES SMOKING IN CHURCH

The Rev. A. C. Bory, pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran Church of Hazelwood, in discussing an article on "Smoking in Church," gives the following explanation of his approval of the innovation proposed in London:

"There are certain habits of men permitted in their homes, upon the streets and in public places, not sinful, yet of such a character that the church usually frowns upon, and so does not permit within the sanctuary. While 'smoking in church' (at regular times of worship), would doubtless be an offensive innovation in many, if not in all, churches of all denominations, and would not be generally permitted, if permitted at all, I am of the opinion that if men would attend church where permission was granted them to smoke that it would be worth a trial at least. I am willing to arrange such a service or services where and when agreeable to the men themselves, and invite them 'to come and bring their pipes.' If it would be the one thing that would induce men to attend church, then I for one—just one—and not in the name of denomination or congregation, would be ready to issue the invitation.

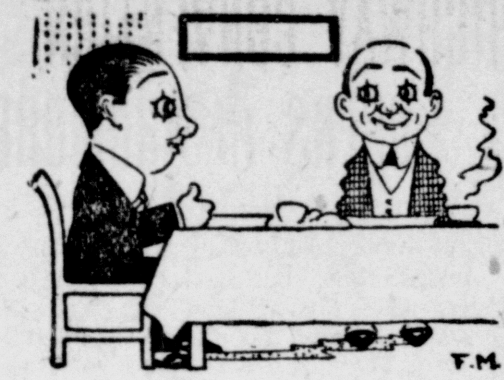
"I had in mind that the lecture room of the church, and not the auditorium would be a more suitable place, and always felt that the church parlors should always—every day—be available as meeting places of men where they could smoke if they so desired. The so-called workmen's clubs—the saloon—soon will be a thing of the past, and the church is called upon to make some effective appeal to men—every man.

"It is agreed that the use of tobacco is not a habit in exact harmony with the prescribed tenets of the church, and it is very doubtful if a man would be exactly comfortable smoking his pipe in a mixed audience. However, that is not the question at issue, but if permission were given men to smoke in church would they attend?"—Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.

HAM-RAMSEY coming and all the churches are co-operating. Co-operation already on Community Prayer Meeting Wednesday evening of this week at 8:30 at First Presbyterian church. 6-10-19

Drop in with six bits and get a blue print map of Pontotoc County. —Ada News.

It will pay you to watch the Want Ad columns of the News.



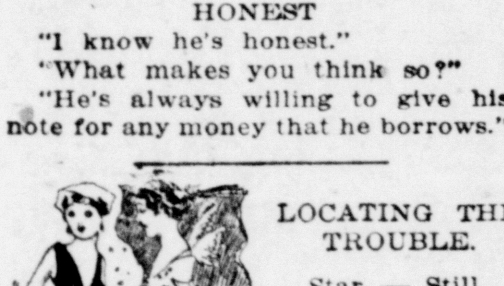
SPECULATES ON IT.
"Are you a food speculator?"
"Whenever a plate of hash is placed before me."



NEIGHBORS.
How do you like your new neighbors?
I think I'm going to like them very well. They've been there for six weeks now and neither of us has gone out of our way to say good morning to each other.



PERFECTLY AWFUL.
I owe a lot of bills.
That's bad.
Yes, and I'll have to pay some of them. That's worse.



SPECULATION.
He: All my investments have turned out bad. I'm sorry I'm married.
She: That was one of my investments that turned out bad.



HONEST.
"I know he's honest."
"What makes you think so?"
"He's always willing to give his note for any money that he borrows."



LOCATING THE TROUBLE.
Star — Still, I think all the show needs is a little pruning.
Understudy — Not! It's full of prunes now.



EVEN WHEN IT WAS HOPELESS.
I dreamed last night I had a million dollars.
That was nice. No, it wasn't. When I checked up I found that I was still \$48 short of having enough to buy all that you wanted.

GIRLS EXCEL IN LANGUAGE

MOSCOW, Idaho.—"Men are more intelligent than women."

"Women have better language sense; they talk more than men."

"Older students of the same class are less intelligent than younger students."

"Each class is more intelligent than the one below it."

"Men are more intelligent than women of the same age."

"Women have better common sense than men."

These are the findings of Prof. H. B. Reed of the department of psychology of the University of Idaho after a series of searching examinations.

The examination was given 225 men and 159 women. Careful records were made of the answers and the results were averaged.

The men 18 years old or older are more intelligent than women of the same age is shown by a table Professor Reed has drawn up of students who received a grade of medium intelligence, ranging from 117 to 142 points.

This table indicates that women 17 years old average ten points higher than men of the same age, but that the men catch up with them the next year thereafter, and that men 22 years old average eight points higher in intelligence than the women. This means, according to Professor Reed, that the men have more opportunity to get out into the world and that women are more closely confined to the home and domestic duties.

Intelligence Grows.
An arrangement of the grades according to class indicates that there is a constant increase in intelligence each year. The tests were so arranged as to indicate the student's ability to adapt himself to environment, obey orders and the like and not to indicate the student's knowledge. That the higher classes are more intelligent than those of a lower rank is due to the fact that many weak students are eliminated each year.

Increasing intelligence is not due to the ages. This is proved by a grouping of the students according to age. Thus the 19-year-old men members of the freshman class received the same average grade as the 21-year-old men, while the 19-year-olds in the junior class led the 2-year-olds by nineteen points.

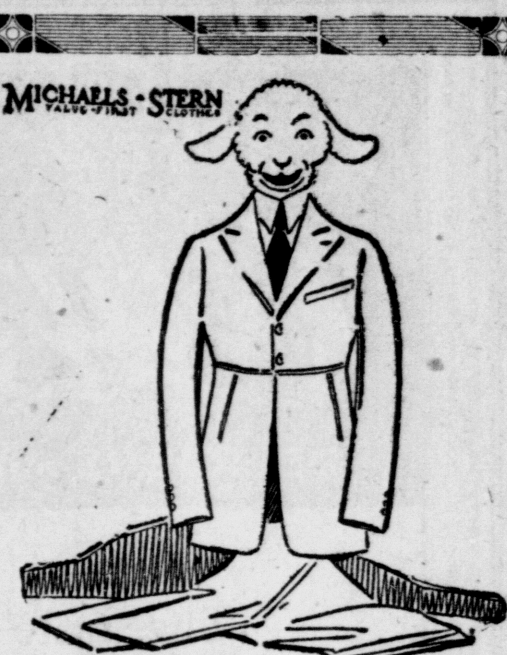
"The greater intellectual powers of boys and girls of a certain age, the further advanced they will be in school or college," is a general law that Professor Reed has formulated to cover the data.

"All students entering college later than their 18th year may presumably be considered of inferior intelligence," is another fact that Professor Reed has discovered. This will apply only to those whose high school has not been interfered with by financial trouble.

Early to College.
Superior students come early to college and comprise the youngest and most intellectual portion of each class. This is shown by tabulating the grades of the freshmen by years. Eighteen-year-old men and women receive grades of 126 and 121 points, respectively. Twenty-one-year-old men and women receive 116 and 96 points each.

This law indicates that students entering college at the age of 20 or later will probably be of lower comparative mentality and will probably be eliminated from school before their junior years.

Professor Reed believes that these tests indicate the desirability of a junior college where students who



If our Michaels-Stern men's clothes could talk

they'd say "Ba Ba"—for they are All Wool.

If our WILSON BROS. SHIRTS were called on to speak they'd probably "hoot" like an Owl, for they are wise to the tricks of the laundry.

Our BOSTONIAN SHOES would "meow" like a Cat—they have nine lives. Our REGAL NECKWEAR would talk Peacock patter—we have all colors; while our COOPER'S UNION SUITS would roar like a Lion at anything that stood in the road of two season's wear.

Quite a line-up of prominent speakers to have under one tent.

Admission free.

Drummond & Alderson
THE MAN'S STORE

enter late can be given the opportunity to make up for lost time.

GERMAN ADMIRAL WHO WAS WAR FIGHTER IS DEAD

By the Associated Press

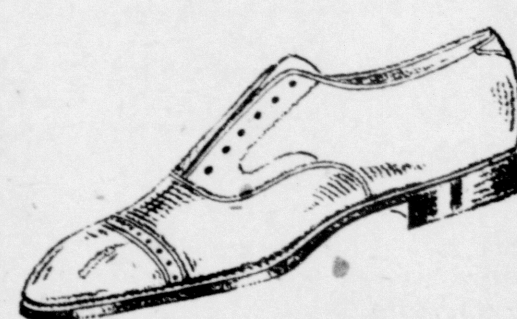
BERLIN, June 10.—The death of Admiral Von Holtzendorff, head of the German general naval staff during the greater part of the late war, has just been announced. The admiral was active in the service of the German government at the outset of the war, and is supposed to have been instrumental in planning Germany's U-boat frightfulness, but owing to ill health, it is said, retired from the service last August.

WINNIPEG SYMPATHETIC STRIKE SEEMS BROKEN

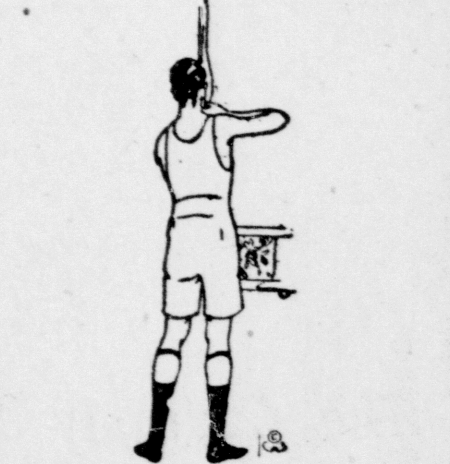
By the Associated Press

WINNIPEG, June 10.—The sympathetic strike of iron workers here, which began May 15th, is considered broken so far as its effect upon the public safety, welfare and convenience of the general public is concerned. It was estimated that about a third of the men and women involved have returned to work and many others have applied for their former positions.

It will pay you to watch the Want Ad columns of the News.



Men's Oxfords



Underwear

—Edwin Clapp
—Howard & Foster
—Beacon

LOOSE COOL and EASY

There is a lot of snap, style and good wearing qualities in this line-up of Low Shoes for men. English lasts, straight lasts, broad lasts: a shape that will fit your feet as well as meet your idea of "good looks" in shoes.

Prices:
\$5 to \$13

STEVENS-WILSON CO.

Hot weather comfort calls for cool, breezy clothing—under as well as outer.

Suitable underwear these hot days is a boon companion. That is the only kind we sell.

There's a suit in our underwear section that will prove a hot weather "life saver" for you.